W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

# Victoria Daily Times.

P P
Accuracy
Purity
Reliability
P P
CHAS. E. JONES,
Chemist,
36 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1893. No. 244

MANTLES, JACKETS,
AND WATERPROOFS,
Four Cases Newest Styles Received To-Day at
THE WESTSIDE.

Don't
Be caught in the rain without an Umbrella when you can buy one from us
For 25 Cents
Correct thing for School Children. Only 10 doz. Call early if you want one.
Gilmore & McCandless,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

We Fit the Feet and Pocket
Which is a fact that the public appreciates at all times.
Our Store is Enlarged
But not our prices. Increasing trade demands more space. Our store has a new addition 25x35 feet, which is our LADIES' DEPARTMENT, and in it can be found every line of ladies' footwear.
You Know
That a poor shoe is not worth buying and that an uncomfortable shoe is a disappointing purchase. You will find that we take great pains in fitting the feet of our customers and give them serviceable foot wear.
You Want Them — The Largest Assortment of Footwear In British Columbia..... All Styles, Sizes and Prices..... — We Have Them
A. B. Erskine,
Corner of Government and Johnson Streets.

JUST ARRIVED
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BUY
"Woonsocket"
RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.
The BEST Brand on the Market.

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.
"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.
42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—A full black Newfoundland pup; 3 months old; large for the age. Anyone returning same to the Driard Restaurant will be rewarded. Oct. 17-tf.

WANTED—Ranchman with horses and ploughs, to whom a 400-acre cleared farm with buildings will be let on shares; security required and given. G. R., Times Office. Oct. 17-1w

B. VAN VÖLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc.17

Court Islander 747, I.O.F.
Regular meeting of above society is postponed until Wednesday, Oct. 25th.
By order of C. K.
G. T. ELLIOTT, R. S.
Victoria, Oct. 17, 1893.-1t

A SALE OF WORK
In aid of the funds of ST. BARNABAS CHURCH, will be held in the
Temperance Hall, Pandora Street,
—ON—
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
October. 18 and 19.
ADMISSION FREE.
The Bazaar will be opened on Wednesday by the Lord Bishop at 3 p.m.
High Tea on Wednesday, 6 to 8—25c.
Lunch on Thursday, 12 to 2—25c.
Grand concert on Thursday Evening—25c.
o17-2t

WEAR THE FAMOUS
"GRANBY"
Rubber Goods.

Some Store Keepers
Would have you believe
That they are in business
For their health.

Another Lot
Insist that their goods
Are being sold
At less than cost.
And in a very few days
A policeman
Will be wheeling them
To the poor house.

Beware of these fellows
Their style is wrong,
As there are honest ways
Of getting your trade.

Our Method
Of selling goods
At a small profit is popular,
And by so doing
We pay for goods we buy.
The store owner gets his rent,
And the salespeople their pay.
Come here
For honest goods
At honest prices.

Cameron,
The Original One Price
CASH CLOTHIER,
55 Johnson Street.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

### Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.

Cincinnati, Oct. 15.—The Ohio synod of the Presbyterian church argued the appeal from the presbytery of Rev. Henry Preserved Smith, late of Lane seminary, till 5:30 o'clock, then adjourned till 7:30 to vote. At 11:30 Friday night, the synod having rejected the specification of the appeal, the moderator announced that the synod sustained the action of the Cincinnati presbytery, which found him guilty of heresy. Prof. Smith gave notice of appeal, but it is believed he will leave the church instead of carrying his case to the general assembly. The vote was 78 to 57. It was also resolved to ignore the case of Dr. Sprecker of Cleveland.

Delta, Cala., Oct. 17.—The wrecked passenger train of last night left here at 10 a.m., after being delayed thirteen hours. There is not much damage to the train, except the mail car and engine, which were badly wrecked. It will be several days before the engine can be got out, as it is down an embankment 20 feet deep. No one was hurt except Fireman Dal Leand and Engineer Gardner, who got out with a few bruises.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 17.—At midnight the sheriff received a telegram from Deforest, this county, saying a serious riot was in progress, and asking help. The citizens say the local police are incapable of preserving peace. The cause of the trouble was not given.

San Jose, Cal., Oct. 16.—Bert Stump, aged 24, employed at the Newby box factory, near this city, while at work this morning had his left arm torn off by the machinery.

### Blown to Atoms.

Belgrade, Oct. 17.—Six men were blown to atoms to-day by an explosion in a powder mill at the Servian village of Kragujavetz.

# CONTEMPT OF COURT

## John V. Ellis, Editor of St. John, N. B., Globe Sent to Jail

## FOR CRITICIZING JUSTICE TUCK

### He is Also Fined Heavily With Costs Which are Heavy.

### His Application for Appeal to an Impartial Court Dismissed—Ellis Craves Leave to Attend Divine Service During Incarceration—The Request is Granted.

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—In the New Brunswick supreme court on Saturday morning John V. Ellis, ex-M. P. for St. John, and editor of the St. John Globe, for contempt of court in reference to Judge Tuck's action in the Queen county election case, six years ago, was sentenced to 30 days' imprisonment in York county jail, and to pay a fine of $200 and all costs of the case, including the appeal to Ottawa. Ellis in reply to the court had nothing to say, except to ask permission to attend divine service during incarceration. The court said there would be no objection if the sheriff assumed responsibility. Mr. Weldon, Ellis' counsel, moved to stay execution to enable him to take an appeal to the judicial committee of the privy council. The court dismissed the application, however, and Ellis went to jail. The costs will probably amount to $3,000. In the course of his address for Ellis, Mr. Weldon remarked that the Globe article referred to was written at a time when party feeling ran high, and when a large portion of the public felt that grievous wrong had been done, and that Ellis in making comment was simply discharging his duty as a public journalist. The affair has caused a sensation in St. John.

The Manitoba school case was once more taken up in the Supreme Court to-day. Curran appeared for the Dominion government, Ewart for the Roman Catholics, Robinson at the order of the court and Wade for Manitoba. Wade refused to argue the case, saying that he appeared in deference to the order of the court. Ewart then proceeded to argue the case in favor of the views of the minority. He was followed by Robinson, who said that he did not pretend to represent the wishes of Manitoba, still he argued from the standpoint that there was no right of appeal to the governor-in-council. This closed the case and decision was reserved. No new points were brought out. Hon. Edward Blake was in court. He appears in the pardoning power case to-morrow.

## CALIFORNIA'S METROPOLIS.

### Arrest of Burglarious Russians—Heading off the Highbinders.

San Francisco, Oct. 17.—Alexander Schinovsky, alias A. Sink, John Martin, young men, and Mrs. Mary Sanborn, alias Martin, were arrested here last night charged with extensive burglaries recently committed in Sacramento, Santa Rosa and San Francisco. At the woman's house, 36 Langton street, this city, was found nearly $2000 worth of stolen property and during the search of the premises by the police she made a most desperate resistance, but was finally overcome. The accused are Russians and when arrested pretended they could not speak English. It is estimated that since January last they have stolen at least $20,000 worth of property in this and neighboring cities.

Hundreds of highbinders have been pouring into Chinatown for the winter. Last night 68 were arrested and charged with vagrancy, but it is stated the arrests have greater significance. Certain persons have been co-operating with the police to have this means taken of properly indentifying them with the view to their deportation, and warrants from the Federal courts will be served upon them to that effect.

The passengers by the steamer Puebla for Victoria are: B. B. Rothschild, N. McLennan, Chas. Baners.

When the trial of Nellie Horton, the young woman who killed her lover, Chas. Hagoms, was resumed this morning, Jas. Allen, barkeeper, who visited the scene of the murder shortly after the shooting occurred, said that he heard defendant say to a policeman: "You can arrest me if you want to, for I have killed him."

### Made Good His Escape.

La Porte, Ind., Oct. 17.—Apparently Herbert Thompson, the Wabash railroad brakeman, whose carelessness in opening the switch at Kingsbury, on September 22nd, brought about the accident by which ten lives were lost, and more than that number of travellers injured, has disappeared, so far as this part of the country is concerned. He was last seen two hours after the accident, when he obtained a cup of coffee at a farm house and then took the wagon road for a railroad junction where he could take a train either for Chicago, Buffalo or Canada. Not a trace of his movements has been obtained from the time he left the farm house, and his friends and relatives are ignorant as to whether he is alive or dead, in this country or in Canada. So far as is known the railroad company has made no particular effort to locate him, although he has by the verdict of the coroner's jury been held responsible for the catastrophe. The officials of the county, however, are unwilling to incur any expense for a detective. It is said the payments of the railroad to the relatives of those killed, and to the injured as compensation, aggregate a quarter of a million dollars.

### Governmental Munificence.

London, Oct. 17.—A letter is published here to-day from the postmaster-general in reply to a communication addressed to him by Mr. Saunders, of the Central News, who is also a member of the house of commons, calling attention to the case of a letter carrier at Berkhampstead, who works five hours daily in two shifts, morning and afternoon, for the magnificent remuneration of $2.12 a week, his duties requiring him to cover over 12 miles of ground daily on foot. The reply, which is sarcastically commented upon by some of the morning papers, contains the usual number of circumlocution phrases, and winds up with the grave statement that the postmaster-general has been pleased to recommend that the man's wages be increased two shillings and sixpence a week, or 62 cents in American money, thus bringing his weekly earnings up to $2.74. Mr. Labouchere of London Truth is yet to be heard from.

## JEAN AND IVAN.

### Parisians Give the Russians a Wildly Enthusiastic Welcome.

Paris, Oct. 17.—After what may be termed a triumphal journey from Toulon, Admiral Avalon, commander of the Russian squadron, and fifty officers of the fleet accompanying him, arrived here this morning. They were enthusiastically received by crowds that had congregated in the vicinity of the railway station. Shouts of "Long Live Russia!" "Long Live the Czar!" were heard on every side. The women present vied with the men in the welcome. Their shrill voices could be distinctly heard above the roar of welcoming cries.

It may be truthfully said, despite the assertion that the Parisians would keep calm during the visit of the Russians, that a more widly enthusiastic greeting has never in recent years been extended to representatives of any nation.

The Russians were respendent in full uniforms, and passed through the crowds bowing right and left. The party were driven through the principal streets, the whole route being lined with spectators, who gave them a most frank welcome. The decorations along the route were beautiful. Appropriate mottoes were displayed from every point of vantage. Before the guests proceeded very far in their drive the carriages were almost filled with many bouquets thrown at them. A large squad of cavalry accompanied the Russians as guard of honor. The programme for to-day included breakfast at the Military club. At four o'clock Admiral Avalon and party were to be received at President Carnot's house. This evening a state dinner and ball will be given at the Palais.

### Disgusted Commissioners.

World's Fair, Chicago, Oct. 17.—Before the fair closes, the state executive commissioners, who have an organization of their own, will probably meet and adopt resolutions expressing in plain language their opinion of the treatment received at the hands of the administration. They complain that the state commissioners and exhibitors under their charge have received scant courtesy from the executive departments and have been subjected to continuous annoyance and restrictions and obnoxious orders. The state commissioners have been on the verge of expressing their feelings in a vigorous and practical way several times during the season, but have been restrained in the interests of peace and the fair's success. The executive commissioner from one of the northwestern states said to-day that the meeting of the association for the purpose mentioned would be held and he declared that the action taken would be unanimous, although he was not sure of two or three eastern commissioners who had been singled out for favors would be present. Some state commissioners also have grievances against the bureau of awards, of incompetence and carelessness, which they say have characterized the work of the bureau, and have resulted either in awards being made in worthless ways or no awards being made at all in some cases. Bonds which were necessary for examination in North Dakota's forestry exhibit have been lost. Executive Commissioner Dickey, of that state, called on Chairman Thatcher to-day and demanded that that exhibit be examined in some way for awards. Failing to get satisfaction he will appeal in person to the national commission.

### Dolph's Hoss Sense.

Washington, Oct. 17.—As soon as yesterday's Journal was read Senator Dolph pointed out the ridiculous attitude presented by the senate in drifting along in a current of endless debate, and declared that the committee on rules ought to present to the senate a reasonable rule for limiting debate; that the presiding officer should, after a discussion of two or three days, put it to the vote, and if it were adopted by a majority of the senate, the presiding officer should put it in force. That was the only way that the senate could ever obtain an amendment of the rules.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The committee on Pacific railroads, of which Senator Brice is chairman, has been making ready since the appointment of a receiver for the Union Pacific railroad became assured to undertake an investigation into the condition of the government security. Senator Brice has been in consultation with the attorney-general and they leave procured the appointment of Geo. H. Hoadley as special counsel to represent the government under the attorney-general.

### Fatal Railway Smashup.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 17.—An accident to the Pennsylvania limited occurred at Wellsville this morning, which resulted in the death of the entire engine crew and fatal injuries to three men who were in the baggage car.

### The Dudley Breed.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Members of the Dudley family from many parts of the country are holding a reunion to-day. They are descendants of Governor Thos. Dudley, of this state, and at the first reunion, which was held last year, organized themselves into the Dudley Family Association, for the purpose of perpetuating the name. During the past year considerable progress has been made in the direction of securing portraits of all the living members of the family, as well as old family portraits that have survived the ravages of time.

# FRANCE MOURNS

## Marshal MacMahon and Charles Gounod Die To-Day.

## HISTORY OF THEIR BRILLIANT CAREERS

### Honors Lavished Upon Them by Their Admiring Country.

### MacMahon's Course Was Like a Meteor's—He Rose to Fame Through All the Ranks of War—Gounod's Magnificent Legacy to Posterity—His Early Struggles.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Field Marshal MacMahon, Duke of Magenta, died to-day.

Marie Edme Patrick Maurice de MacMahon, Duc de Magenta, marshal of France, ex-president of the French Republic, was born at Sully, July 13th, 1808. He was a descendant of an Irish family who risked and lost all for James II. The Mac Mahons mingled their blood by marriage with the old nobility of France. Marshal Mac Mahon entered the military service of France in 1825 at St. Cyr; was sent to the Algerian wars in 1830; took part, as aide-de-camp to General Achard, in the expedition to Antwerp, 1832; attained the rank of captain in 1833; took part in the assault on Constantine; major of Chasseurs a Pied, 1840; lieutenant-colonel of the foreign legion, 1842; colonel of 41st of line, 1845; general of brigade, 1848. Succeeded General Canrobert in the Crimea, 1855; in command of division was assigned the perilous post of carrying the Malakoff tower and works at the assault on Sebastopol, September 8. The brilliant success of MacMahon at that time won him the Grand Cross of the Legion of honor; in 1856 nominated Knight Grand Cross of the Bath. Won his marshal's baton in the Italian campaign, and for his services at the battle of Magenta was made Duke of Magenta. Commanded first army corps in the war against Prussia. Was commander-in-chief at the battle of Sedan, received a severe wound in the thigh at the beginning of the engagement. Made a prisoner of war and sent to Germany. Returned to France March 13th, 1871. Made commander-in-chief at Versailles. Successfully conducted the siege of Paris against the commune. Elected president of the French republic May 24th, 1873, succeeding M. Thiers. MacMahon's letter of acceptance of the presidency is famous. It was:

"A heavy responsibility is thrust upon my patriotism, but with the aid of God, the devotion of the army, which will always be the army of the law, and the support of all honest men, we will continue together the work of liberating the territory, and restoring moral order throughout the country; we will maintain internal peace and the principles on which society is based. That this shall be done I pledge my word as an honest man and a soldier."

He resigned the presidency on January 30th, 1879, and was succeeded by M. Jules Grevy.

### Composer Gounod Dying.

Paris, Oct. 17.—M. Charles Gounod, the great composer, who was stricken with paralysis yesterday, has been in a comatose condition since midnight. Death may occur at any moment.

Later—Gounod is dead.

Charles Francois Gounod, the great French musical composer, was born at Paris, June 17th, 1818. He early became noted as a composer of remarkably original powers, winning notice first with "Philemon and Baucis," a pastoral for the stage. This was followed by "La Nonne Sanglante," "Sappho," a cantata, and "La Colombe," very clever works, but unsuccessful. Few composers who have risen to eminence have had more failures at the outset of their career than Gounod. "Faust," his great operatic work, took all lovers of music by surprise. The subject of Faust when Gounod took it up had been worn threadbare by previous composers, but Gounod's genius evolved one of the noblest of operas from Goethe's masterpiece. His principal works are: An opera founded on Moliere's "Medicin Malgre Lui," or, the "Mock Doctor;" "La Reine de Saba," "Mirelle," "Romeo and Juliet," "Polyeucte," "The Tribute of Zomora," "The Redemption," "Mors et Vita," "Jean of Arc," the last work written in the Cathedral of Orleans. He was elected a member of the French Institute, section of music, in May, 1866, and was promoted to the rank of Commander of the Legion of Honor in August, 1877.

### Another Rio Bombardment.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 17.—Advices received here are to the effect that Admiral Mello, commander of the insurgent Brazilian fleet, again bombarded Rio de Janeiro yesterday. The damage done is said to be great. Many residents who remained in the city during the prior bombardments are now fleeing to the interior cities and towns. President Peixoto continues his efforts to organize a fleet wherewith to give battle to the enemy.

### Another Disastrous Fire.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 17.—St. Mary's ferry, near Fredericton, was visited by another disastrous fire this morning about 5 o'clock, in which 19 dwellings, three hotels and nine stores, with their contents, were destroyed. Loss about $45,000; insurance light.

### Christian Temperance Workers.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Promptly at 9 o'clock the second day's session of the World's Congress of the Women's Christian Temperance Union was called to order by Lady Henry Somerset. The programme consisted of singing hymns, bible readings and addresses on charitable work. The congress subsequently resolved itself into a mass meeting in memory of May Allen West, the renowned American temperance missionary, who died in Japan a year ago. A touching tribute was paid her memory by the official delegate from Japan.

## TEMPERANCE WORKERS.

**Great Gathering of Christian Temperance Women at Chicago.**

Chicago, Oct. 17.—"For God and home and every land" was the pass word of thousands of women who, as early as 8 o'clock this morning, commenced to climb the steps of the art palace and enter the portals of the Hall of Columbus. It was the second biennial convention of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union, and women it had brought together represented not only this continent, but many other lands. Among the first to arrive were: Mrs. Alice Gordon Gulick, president of the Women's Temperance Union of Spain; Miss Shaffner of China, a young Englishwoman who has for several years devoted time to the spreading of the work in the celestial empire; Miss May M. Love, of Australia; Mrs. Judge Stedman and Mrs. Judge Foster, respectively president and vice-president of the Union in the Dominion; Mrs. Wallace W. Turnbull, of New Brunswick, president of the society of the maritime province, and Mrs. E. Williams, of Montreal, treasurer of the World's Union. The protap Masoomdar represented India; Ibo Newato and Sen Isuda were there in behalf of Japan, while delegates from France, England and Germany, among other countries, are expected late in the week.

Of the prominent workers on behalf of temperance on the other side of the water there were the venerable mother of Gen. Lew Wallace; Mary H. Hunt of Massachusetts; Mary A. Woodbridge of Ohio; Mary T. Lathrop of Michigan; Emily Fitzstevens of San Francisco; Miss Julia Coleman of New York; Miss Judge Mowick of New Orleans; Mrs. Francis K. Barnes of New York; Miss Lucy Anthony of Philadelphia; Mrs. Ole Bull; Mrs. Thompson of Ohio; Dr. Kate Bushnell and Jessie Ackerman, all-round-the-world missionaries and many others who have gained name and fame for their effort in behalf of temperance reformation.

General sadness pervaded the assemblage while it was gathering, however, owing to the absence of the world's president, Frances E. Willard, who for some time has been at an English health resort and is absolutely forbidden by her physicians to cross the water for the memorable event of the present week.

Lady Henry Somerset, who had journeyed especially from England in the capacity of vice-president of the large organization to represent Miss Willard, called the opening session to order. A brief period was occupied in devotional exercises, prayer being offered by Mrs. E. Greenwood, the world's superintendent of the evangelistic work. The audience then rose and joined in singing the hymn "Christ for the World We Sing," after which welcomes were extended by Judge C. C. Bonny for the world's congress auxiliary; ex-Senator T. H. Palmer for the Columbian exposition; Mrs. Charles Henrotin of the women's branch of the auxiliary, and Rev. Josiah Strong, D.D., on behalf of the Evangelical Alliance. Five-minute responses to the welcomes were in order after the gathering had joined in the chorus of the temperance hymn, "Some Glad Day."

Mrs. Ella Williams spoke for Canada, Miss Jessie Ackerman for Australia and Miss Lide Meriwather of Tennessee for the temperance women of the United States. After these formalities the convention began routine business with the roll call of delegates and the appointment of commitees on credentials, finance and resolutions.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

**Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.**

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Under the auspices of prominent breeders of horses in the United States and Canada an international show of trotters and live horses opened at the stock yard pavilion to-day. The leading breeders of this country and Canada are represented, and New York millionaires especially make a large show of hackneys. The prizes aggregate one hundred in number.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Representative financiers from the east are registering today at the principal down town hotels. They are here in advance of the national convention of the American Bankers' Association, which opens to-morrow. The convention should have been held in August last, but the financial flurry was then at its height, and not a financier could leave his post. To-morrow will show that the financial panic is over, and the assemblage of bankers will be the largest ever gathered together in this country.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The annual meeting of the synod of New York of the Presbyterian church will open this evening at the First church with divine exercises, and a sermon by the Rev. Levi Parsons, D. D., who is also the moderator of the synod. The interminable Briggs case, a bone of contention in every meeting of the synod for the past two years, is likely to demand attention in a new phase.

Newark, N. J., Oct. 17.—The annual convention of Nation Trade Assembly, 198, of the Knights of Labor, composed exclusively of machinery constructors, opened here to-day. The proceedings, as usual, are being conducted with closed doors, but questions relating to apprentices, wages and hours of labor, will be considered.

New York, Oct. 17.—The closing day of the golden jubilee of the Hebrew order of B'Nai B'Rith is being devoted to an interchange of visits between the visiting brethren of the organization. To-night the celebration will come to a close with a round up at the Temple of Bethel, where addresses will be delivered by the visiting rabbis, and by Adolph Hirsh, Jacob Holzser, Isaiah Cohen and other prominent members of the race. For the first time in the celebration the women of the race will figure in the programme.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 17.—The latch-string hung on the outside of the doors of Cardinal Gibbons' house yesterday, and in this position it remained until dusk. It was the second day of the celebration of the silver jubilee of the head of the church in the United States, and it was given up to a general reception. Everybody was welcome; rich and poor; young and old; Hebrew and Gentile. In the morning the throng before the house was so large that it was decided to throw open the cathedral for two hours in the afternoon, and here, between 2 and 4 o'clock the Cardinal greeted his friends, while other prelates continued the reception at the house. Last evening Cardinal Gibbons entertained the two score or more of prelates and clergy from other parts that have come to the city as the bearers of congratulations and to participate in the memorable event.

Rockford, Ills., Oct. 17.—After a suspension of some months operations were resumed to-day at the works of the Rockford Watch Company the entire force of operatives having been ordered to report for duty this morning and to be prepared for full time work. The officers of the company say that this change of plan is due to the extraordinary number of orders received during the past three weeks which indicate a decided boom and revival in the jewelry trade.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Members of the general committee appointed at the national convention held in this city some weeks ago to take steps for the suppression of the coal combine, which brought into existence the Anti-Trust Association, are gathering at the Palmer House this morning in response to a call issued by Governor Nelson, of Minnesota, to take steps in the direction of carrying out the policy agreed upon by the convention. About half a dozen states were represented up to noon.

**General Dispatches.**

Johannesburg, Oct. 16.—Up to noon to-day no news has been received here from the Fort Salisbury and Fort Victoria columns of the British South African company, who are now in the field operating against the Matabeles. The last advices in regard to the columns was received here on Friday last, and considerable anxiety is felt as to their safety. When last heard from they were were moving along the high veldt of Mashonaland, trying to draw the Matabele warriors out of the bush into open ground. For several days the Limpopo river has been rising, indicating that heavy rains have fallen in the Matabele country. It is stated here that smallpox is prevalent among the Matabeles.

London, Oct. 16.—Most of the collieries in Lancashire, Derbyshire and Yorkshire were re-opened to-day for the men willing to accept 15 per cent. reduction in wages. The men made no response. Only the collieries where the old wages are paid are working.

Taranto, Oct. 16.—The British fleet, sent on a visit to this port, it is said, as an offset to the visit of the Russian fleet to Toulon, arrived this afternoon. No great popular preparations were made to receive the fleet. There were few flags displayed and there was no excitement. Many persons from the surrounding country, however, are flocking into the city. Admiral Corsi received the fleet in the name of King Humbert and the Italian navy.

**Took His Secret With Him.**

The strange disappearance of Milton Bradley from his house at El Dorado, Kan., three years ago was a local sensation of the hour, says the Kansas City Star. His confession of identity and his death at Parsons a few days ago revive the interest in the old story, though they do not revive the mystery of his disappearance. Bradley was a prominent man in Butler County, Kan. He was wealthy, owning several farms, and when elected county treasurer moved to El Dorado, the county seat, where he lived and served two or three terms. When he left the farm he developed a great passion for fishing. He, with State Senator Murdock and M. M. Murdock of the Wichita Eagle, and four or five cronies in the little country town, were on the Walnut all the time fishing for bass, which are found abundantly in the clear, green rock-bottomed river. One day Bradley hitched up his covered spring wagon, put a small tent and some cooking utensils in the wagon, with his fishing pole, shotgun and rations, and started for a three weeks' outing trip. After he left the bridge across the Walnut at El Dorado he was never seen there again. The very ravines of the Walnut might have swallowed him up, so far as any clue as to his whereabouts was concerned. He was a prominent Odd Fellow, and that organization spent several thousand dollars trying to find him. The "flint hills" 20 miles east of El Dorado—a wild stretch of country wherein there is "a dead man's gulch" and all sorts of cairns and gulleys—were searched. The Walnut river was dragged for his body. But wagon, gun, tent, man and dog were completely obliterated, it seemed.

The newspapers contained detailed descriptions of the lost man. A wandering man was found in Arkansas—the usual Arkansas wild man of the woods—but he was not identified as Bradley by the searching party from El Dorado that treed the crazy man near Bentonville. Another wild man turned up in Arizona. The county commissioners of Butler county sent Mrs. Bradley down there with the sheriff, but the trip was useless. Every little while photographs of some strange man would appear at El Dorado to be identified as Bradley, but none of them tallied. As the months wore by into years the matter was dropped and Bradley was given up for dead. His estate was probated, and although he held thousands of dollars in trust for others, every cent was accounted for and no one suffered the loss of a penny. His son and daughter and his wife mourned him as dead, and as such the community accepted him. He went to Parsons, where he began life anew as a farm hand; he was then a man of nearly 60 years, but manual labor, though he had not been used to it for 12 years, did not discourage him. He did not breathe of his identity, of his social position, and his political influence in Butler county, but persisted in his new life. He read the story of his own disappearance, of the search for him, of the mistakes of his friends, of the grief of his wife and children, and was silent. A few moments before he died he revealed himself to his new found friends. But he did not explain his departure; that was his secret, and being always a silent man, he died with it unspoken. His wife identified the remains, and they were interred in the bleak little graveyard on the wind-swept hill overlooking the little town where his success of life was attained and where the people who knew him wonder and surmise and gossip about the cause of the strange deed which marked his latter days.

**Northern Pacific Fast Time.**

Commencing Sunday, October 1st, the Northern Pacific Railway will resume its double train service from Portland to St. Paul and Chicago. Both trains will be equipped with Pullman's latest drawing room sleepers, Pullman upholstered tourist, magnificent dining cars, and elegant high-back coaches, affording a quick and most enjoyable trip across the continent. Rates, time tables and general information will be cheerfully furnished upon application to E. E. Blackwood, agent.

**Pekin as a Trade Center.**

The Glasgow Herald says: "Mr. Beauclerk, of the British legation at Pekin, in a recent report on the position of foreign trade in China, makes some interesting observations on the possibilities of Pekin as a foreign trade centre. He says that the vast plain in which the capital is situated contains a dense population, both in the numerous large towns and villages and in the country, which is remarkable for its agricultural fertility. Horses come from Mongolia, and sheep in large quantities. For years past a railway has been projected from Tientsin to Tungchow, with an extension to Pekin. If the construction of the line is ever completed a great impetus will be given to trade, for the present mode of transportation by boat and cart is slow. The large population contains many men of wealth, apart from the court, and the rich mandarins, merchants and eunuchs evince a readiness to purchase foreign goods, especially clocks, watches, carpets and fancy articles. Foreign traders would obtain remunerative prices for such wares, for the rich Chinese will pay any price for articles de luxe. To the foreign community resident in Pekin its connection by rail with the port and the existence of some competition in trade would prove a great boon. During the winter months all communication with the outside world is cut off, and not even the smallest parcel can be brought nearer than Shanghai until the opening of the river in March. Two small general stores monopolize the business done with foreigners, who have to pay as much as 100 per cent. over cost price for the ordinary necessaries of life. This tells heavily when it is considered that butter, cheese, salt, flour, tinned vegetables and provisions of all kinds are extensively used, few, excepting a small number of missionaries, being able to adapt themselves to Chinese food. Were the capital more easy of access, travellers would be attracted in larger numbers, and more shops and hotels would be required for their accommodation. Kerosene oil and matches would command a ready sale."

**MOTHER GOOSE REVISED.**

A simple creature
Met a preacher
Going to the races;
Said the creature
To the preacher,
"Why go you to such places?"
Said the preacher
To the creature,
"To warn men from their sin."
Said the creature
To the preacher,
"I, too, must venture in."
Said the preacher
To the creature,
"And what, pray, will you do?"
Said the creature
To the preacher,
"I'll keep an eye on you."
—W. C., in The Ram's Horn.

*Patrolman Julius Zeidler*

Of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Police Force, gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. His wife takes it for dizziness and indigestion and it works charmingly. "The children also take it with great benefit. It is without doubt a most excellent thing for **That Tired Feeling.** I cheerfully recommend

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

and Hood's Pills to every one who wishes to have health and comfort." Get HOOD'S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache.

**The Ideal Food for Infants!**

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

(Registered.)

**MILK GRANULES.**

**The Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk.**

It is the solids of pure cow's milk of the very best quality so treated that, when dissolved in the proper amount of water, it yields a product which is practically identical in composition, reaction, taste and appearance with mother's milk. It is absolutely free from starchy matter, which is present in barley, flour and other infant foods, and contains no glucose and no cane sugar.

Put up in 50c. Tins by

**The JOHNSON FLUID BEEF Co.**

MONTREAL.

**Hanna & Taylor**

Successors to Lockhart & Co.,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

**INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY**

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

**VICTORIA RICE MILLS**

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

**VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,**

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

**FARM FOR SALE.**

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, Third street, Victoria. 17m29

**EVERY** Family Student School Library

S-H-O-U-L-D Own a Dictionary.

Care should be taken to GET THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE INTERNATIONAL, NEW FROM COVER TO COVER, IS THE ONE TO BUY.

SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED. Ten years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, over $300,000 expended.

Sold by all Booksellers.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

Do not buy reprints of obsolete editions.

Send for free pamphlet containing specimen pages and full particulars.


## British Columbia Board of Trade.

Hon. George E. Foster, Minister of Finance, having intimated to the Board that he will be in Victoria about the 27th instant, it is requested that the different Trades, Industries and others interested take such steps as they may deem necessary to appoint delegates to meet him and represent their views regarding the Customs Tariff of the Dominion.

The rooms of the Board will be open daily between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., on and after the 15th instant, and delegates and others as above indicated, whether members of the Board or not, are cordially invited to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded for organization and arrangements.

F. ELWORTHY,
oc12-12t Secretary.

## NOTICE.

The North and South Saanich Agricultural Society's Annual Exhibition has been postponed until the 19th and 20th of October, in order to secure a better display of exhibits.

Horse Racing on the second day of the Show. Refreshments will be provided. A Ball will be held on the evening of the 20th.

W R ARMSTRONG,
sept21-td Secretary.

**NOT RESPONSIBLE.**

BR. SHIP, FORMOSA.
Capt. Kain, from Liverpool.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel without their written order.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
o3 Agents.


## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldram for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Stelly to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Stelly to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A D. 1893.

GEORGE STELLY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

o9-1m


**Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —or— Other Chemicals** are used in the preparation of **W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa** which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.


## Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.

1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.

Acre Blocks, $200; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.

50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.

100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.

100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.

99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm $4,900.

200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.

63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O. under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $400 per acre; improvements $4 000; good terms.

Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.

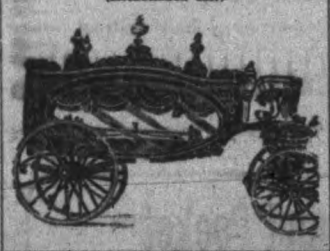
Several good Houses to Rent.

**A. WILLIAMS,**

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station


**CHAS. HAYWARD**

(Established 1867)



**Funeral Director and Embalmer**

Government street, Victoria.


## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.


**SNOWFLAKE FLOUR**

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

**RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,**

ALBANY, OREGON.


## "Land Registry Act."

**Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No 1257, Victoria City.**

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m


**Aluminum Alloy Composite**

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

**Iron, Steel and Brass Founders**

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

**The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.**

se29

**JOHN MESTON**

**CARRIAGE MAKER**

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B. C


NO. 205.

## BY-LAW

**To Amend No. 170, The Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, and No. 178, a By-Law to Amend the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892.**

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1 Section eleven of the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, and section seven of a by-law No. 178, to amend the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, are hereby repealed and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:

Sec. 11. All work rendered necessary for the purpose of the Municipal Corporation creating a public street by opening a new street or by the widening or extending of an existing public street and the grading or macadamizing or paving or sidewalking of the public street thus created and any work necessary for the purpose of paving a public street which has been taken charge of by the Municipal Corporation expending public money thereon shall be deemed to be a work of local improvement and the estimated cost and expense connected with such work shall be assessed, levied, and collected by means of a special rate for local improvement upon the real property benefitted thereby and the City Engineer and the Assessor shall except as is provided for in sections 9 and 14 of the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, as amended by this by-law, ascertain and determine the cost of such improvement or work per foot frontage of all real property fronting or abutting upon the street or place wherein or whereon such improvement or work is proposed to be made or done:

Provided that in any case where the owner of real property constructs a paved sidewalk upon a public street along and in front of his premises, the Corporation may pay to such owner as a portion of the cost thereof a sum of money out of the general revenue equal to the cost of a plank sidewalk covering such space so paved, provided a requisition is first approved and a warrant issued authorizing the payment to be made.

Sec. 2 Section 14 of the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, is hereby repealed and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:

14. When the local improvement shall consist of any of the work referred to in section 1 of this by-law, and it shall seem to the said engineer and the said assessor inequitable to charge the whole of the cost of the improvement on the lands fronting thereon, the said engineer and the assessor shall report and recommend as to what lands are benefited by such works or improvements and the proportion in which the cost thereof shall be assessed against the land so benefited.

Sec. 3. Section 19 of the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This by-law may be cited as the "Local Improvement By-Law Amendment, 1892."

Passed the Municipal Council the 2nd day of October, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 9th day of October, 1893.

(L.S.)

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 9th day of October, A.D. 1893, and all persons are herbey required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NO. 206.

## BY-LAW

**To amend No. (146) 31, the "Street By-Law."**

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. All works in connection with the public streets of the Corporation of the City of Victoria which are not defined to be a work or works of local improvement and provided to be done by and under the provisions of the Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, and amending by-laws, may be done and performed by the said Corporation and the cost thereof defrayed out of the general revenue thereof.

Sec. 2. Sections 3, 4 and 7 of the Street By-Law, No. (146) 31, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This by-law may be cited as the "Street By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1893, No. 3.

Passed the Municipal Council the 2nd day of October, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 9th day of October, 1893.

(L.S.)

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

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WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

## In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited,

AND

In the matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that an order to wind up the business of the said company was on the 13th day of October inst., made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Crease and Mr. A. F. Scaife has been appointed provisional liquidator of the estate and effects of the company and notice is hereby given to the creditors, contributories, shareholder or members of the said company that an application will be made to a Court of the Supreme Court at the Supreme Court House, Bastion Square, Victoria, on Friday, the 27th day of October inst., at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for the appointment of Mr. A. H. Scaife as the sole liquidator of the estate and effects of the said company.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Petitioners.

Dated at Victoria, 13 Oct., 1893. o13-2w

# JOSHUA DAVIES,

AUCTIONEER.

**WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18TH, 1893**

**at 11 O'Clock,**

I am instructed to sell on the estate of E. White at the

# ALBION HOUSE,

Government Street,

the balance of goods, comprising

**LACES, BUTTONS, HOSIERY, RIBBONS, DRESS GOODS, HATS, ETC., ETC.**

**4 Black Walnut Top Counters, 3 Counters, Chairs, Ladder, 1 Haberdashery Cabinet, 1 Plated Show Case.**

Shelving, Forms, Cloakstand, Safe, Gas Fixtures, Desk, etc.

**TERMS CASH,**

with immediate delivery after sale.

**JOSHUA DAVIES, AUCTIONEER**


## HISTORY OF GUNPOWDER.

### Various Improvements in the Manufacture of Explosives.

In the year 1853, a memorial was erected in Freiburg to Berthold the Black, the asserted inventor of gunpowder. We know, now, that the Franciscan monk's claim to the discovery rests only on hazy tradition. The Chinese were assuredly the first who mixed saltpetre with light combustible material, and applied the mixture to pyrotechnics. The celebrated traveller, Marco Polo, who visited China in the thirteenth century, says of the Chinese: "They raise tempests with dashing lightning and peals of thunder, and do many other wonderful things." From China, the knowledge of this art was carried to the Byzantine Empire, and the Byzantines were the first to use it in warfare. For centuries they kept the method of preparation of Greek-fire a state secret. That this fire was in its main constituents essentially the same as gunpowder, is proved by a receipt in the "Book of the Fire for Burning the Enemy," by the Byzantine, Marcus Gracchus, published, at latest, in the 12th century. According to it, the preparation of one sort of Greek fire was as in the following receipt: Sulphur, 11 per cent.; charcoal, 22 per cent., and saltpetre, 67 per cent. This is similar to the old Prussian military powder, which had the following composition: Sulphur, 10 per cent.; charcoal, 16 per cent.; saltpetre, 74 per cent.

But, although the Byzantines were familiar with the composition of gunpowder, its driving power remained for centuries unknown. It was not until the second half of the thirteenth century that it was used for propelling projectiles. The art of warfare was thereby revolutionized, and Constantinople fell by the means of a discovery which it had made.

The manufacture of gunpowder underwent improvements in course of time, but in essential composition it remained unchanged. The old powder ruled the world for more than 500 years; in this period its work, both of destruction and defense, is simply incalculable; it has smoothed the way for discoveries in remote world-regions, and blasted mountains both for treasures therein and for the opening up of channels to facilitate communication—but it has had its day. We are in the midst of a great revolution in which the old gunpowder will have to withdraw from battlefields, and surrender to a new one.

The old gunpowder and the new! These few words signify a new era for humanity, a new departure whose range we can only surmise. In the new powder is comprehended an enormous progress in applied science.

There were two reasons which led to the condemnation of the old powder for military purposes. Originally, the small arms were of very considerable calibre. Even in the 14th century, muskets were used which carried a ball of 35 millimeters. It was soon discovered that greater precision was secured with smaller projectiles, and finally all the military powers adopted weapons of smaller calibre. But, to render the smaller balls as effective as the larger ones, it was necessary to give them a greater initial velocity. This could not be secured with the black powder, and so efforts were made to substitute a stronger for it.

When the military chiefs formulated their requirements, the scientists were already in the field. To chemistry is due the discovery of new combustibles not only far more effective than black powder, but also burning without smoke. These substances had already been used for blasting purposes, and nothing remained but to adapt them to modern firearms.

The first smokeless powder which achieved any considerable notice, was that adopted by the French government, for the new Lebel rifle, in 1886 (Poudre B.) This powder was subsequently found to consist of a mixture of picric acid with gun-cotton, and to be as nitrizable as the latter. This, too, is the case with the famous French Melinite. We must turn to the laboratories of German scientists for real fundamental achievement in this direction.

In the middle of the "Forties" the famous Basil chemist, Schonbein, investigated the action of nitric acid on vegetable cellular-tissue. A young artillery officer, in Berlin, the recently deceased Werner Siemens, recognized at once the importance of these investigations, experimented further, and succeeded in producing the new combustible gun-cotton. He drew the attention of the Prussian war ministry to his discovery. The new product was produced experimentally at Spandau, and in 1846, it was tested both with cannon and with small arms at the Tegeler targets. The gun cotton did not then respond satisfactorily to the tests, and the matter was dropped. The Prussian government kept the discovery a secret. It was, however, discovered independently by Bottger, Schonbein, and Otto, and great anticipations were based on the smokeless powder.

The triumph of gun-cotton was not, however, so simple a matter; it exploded too easily. When factories and warehouses devoted to the new combustible took to flying through the air, the enthusiasm of its supporters cooled perceptibly, and many years' labor was expended before gun-cotton was so far perfected that it could be safely used for military and industrial purposes. It was just at this stage of improvement that the question of a stronger and smokeless powder became a burning one. Gun-cotton possessed both characteristics.

In the explosion of common gunpowder only about one-third is actually converted into gas; two-thirds are converted into impalpable powder, which constitutes a veritable smoke. Gun-cotton, on the contrary, is converted wholly into carbonic acid, nitrogen, and water vapor, and forms only a light vapor which disappears immediately.

The explosion of gun-cotton is much more violent than that of black powder. A kilogramme of the latter produces 270 litres of gaseous products, a kilogramme of the former is converted into 850 litres of gas. Black powder explodes in 1-100 of a second; gun-cotton in 1-50,000 of a second.

Thus improved, gun-cotton was strong enough for the purpose aimed at; in fact, it had an inconvenient superfluity of strength. The explosion was too sudden for the theoretical requirements of a perfect powder, which are, that the force shall be gradually exerted during the fraction of a second that the ball is in the barrel, reaching its maximum at the moment the ball leaves it. Most of our readers are acquainted with collodion and celluloid. These, too, are species of tempered gun-cotton; they burn, but do not explode. Celluloid was discovered by Hyatt, an American, who discovered at the same time, the principle by which gun-cotton could be converted into a horny substance, and thus paved the way for the preparation of the new powder.

Gun-cotton is soluble in several fluids, and in the state of jelly is capable of being considerably modified by the addition of camphor and other inert substances. While in the tenacious state it may be pressed or moulded or cut into any required shape, and this is indeed the method pursued with the new smokeless powder. Ordinarily, cubic grains are used for cannon, square plates for rifles. The solvent being completely evaporated, a horny substance remains.

Alfred Noble, the famous dynamite manufacturer, hit on the idea of dissolving gun-cotton in nitro-glycerine, and has produced a powder which, under experiment by Krupp and Gruson, appears to have realized the ideal of an artillery explosive. As these gelatinous powders can be made stronger or weaker as required, the chemist is in the position to adapt the powder to the weapon.

## Light, Color and the Eye.

While the eyesight of many persons is defective, a still greater number have eyes which are unlike each other in seeing power. In fact, many practically make use of one eye only; the other, having been originally a little defective, was by degrees called on for duty less and less, and accordingly degenerated. One gentleman, mentioned by Tit Bits, who could see with his right eye the figures on the face of a clock five-eighths of an inch high at twelve feet, while he could see them as clearly with the left eye only at eight inches distance, and, curiously enough, this extraordinary difference in the powers of vision of both eyes was not detected by him until he reached middle-age. This is especially common with children, but less frequently with adults, and it will be readily understood that in such cases considerable difference in the powers of the eyes may exist without being suspected. Sir John Herschel mentions the case of an elderly person who by chance made the unpleasant discovery that he was altogether blind in one eye.

Some simple and easily performed experiments give interesting glimpses into the constitution of the eye. Go into a dark room with a candle. Looking at the wall, which should be of a uniform dark tint, on moving the candle up and down, close to the outer side of one eye, so that the light falls very obliquely onto it, one of what are called "Purkinje's figures" will be seen. This is an appearance of a celles of diverging and branched red lines on a dark field, in the interspace of two or three of which in a sort of cup-shaped disk. These lines are the blood vessels of the retina, and the disk is the "yellow spot," or most sensitive part of the eye. In the same situation, looking still at the dark wall and keeping the eye fixed on one point, hold the candle at arm's length and move it to and fro for a distance of about two inches on a level with the point toward which the eye is directed, and a little to the right or left of it, when a faint light may be seen moving to the opposite direction of the candle and on the lower side of the point looked at. This light, if more nearly inspected, is seen to be an inverted image of the candle flame, equal in size to it, but very faint, and is, in fact, the light of the candle reflected from the lens of the eye. Other internal parts of the eye also reflect some of the light that falls into it, but the images formed by them are not so easily seen.

It is well known that the pupil contracts mechanically in bright light and expands in faint light; but it has been found that, to some extent, this change is under the control of will. A scientific observer, writing on this subject, says that when fronting a window or other light he can make the pupil expand or contract at the desire of any one looking into his eye. The pupil is contracted while he steadily looks at the light, and when he wishes to expand it all that is necessary is to take his attention away from the eye and fix it on some other part of the body without moving his eyes. This he does, say, by biting his tongue, pinching his arm, or in some other way. The sensitiveness of the retina is diminished by this means and the pupil dilates. It contracts again when the mind is once more recalled to the eye and the bright light.

## How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers. If you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

## Only a Bit of Camphor.

"I thought I was acquainted with pretty nearly every kind of trick," said a Washington housewife the other day, "but I have struck a new one lately. I had an upstairs girl last winter who seemed to be a treasure. It is a test of a good servant that she will do things without being told, don't you know. This girl was one of that sort. I prized her very highly, and when I went away on the last day of June I arranged with her that she was to return to me in the autumn. In fact the date of her coming back was set at Sept. 1," quotes the Washington Star.

"Just before she left me she said that she had some clothes which she would like to leave behind her, because she had not room for them in her trunk. I told her that she was welcome to do so, and suggested that she would lock them in the upper bureau drawer in her room and take the key. She thanked me, but presently she came to me and said that the articles of clothing which she desired to leave were the best she had, and that she was afraid that they might be eaten by moths. Accordingly she suggested that she would be glad if I would give her some camphor to put with them. I did so.

"That was the last I thought of the matter for two months. When we came back to town on September 1 she did not turn up as was expected. Several days elapsed and still she failed to appear. I had written, and I wrote again to the address she had given me, but I got no response. Meanwhile, I was grievously in want of a servant, but I waited hopefully, being reluctant to engage anybody else. I felt perfectly certain that something unexpected must have occurred to prevent her coming and that she would make her appearance soon because she left her clothes behind her. I mentioned this to a lady of my acquaintance, who had more experience in keeping house than I. Said she:

"'How do you know that she has left the clothes behind her?'

"'Because she locked them up in the drawer of a bureau up stairs,' I explained.

"'Have you looked into the drawer?' inquired my friend.

"'Certainly not," I said, "she took the key away with her.'

"'Then how do you know that the clothes are there?'

"'Why, I can smell the camphor,' I said.

"'That does not prove anything,' rejoined my friend. 'You open the drawer and see what you find.'

"Well, that was a new idea to me. I lost no time in going up to the room which the girl had occupied, and trying the bureau drawer with every key I had. The very last one opened it. There was not one thing in the drawer except a piece of camphor, evidently the remains of the lump I had given her, close to the keyhole where it could be most easily smelt from the outside. The whole scheme was simply a ruse, the object of which was to make sure that I would keep the young woman's place for her, having reason for confidence that she would return. Meanwhile if she chose to change her mind she could stay away. It was a great deal of ingenuity exercised on a very small piece of deception. But the artfulness of it was wonderful. Don't you think so?'

## Couldn't Hurry the Burro.

There is a boy in Newport who owns a burro, which, according to the Cincinnati Times-Star, means that the boy has no time to take a vacation. A burro is a cross between a mule and a jack rabbit, and has the qualities of both under certain circumstances. Like the latter it can run fast, wear long ears, or stand still in one spot for a long time. Like a mule, it comes and goes at its own pleasure and not at any one else's nod and beck. Its favorite amusement is to stop suddenly in the middle of the street and stand there while an admiring throng watch the boy try to start it. It stopped on the Fort Thomas electric car track the other day, and after beating it until he was tired the boy got off and tried to lead it. But it braced its legs and held back bravely. Then he got behind and tried to push. It never changed its position. Then he pushed first on one side and then on the other, trying to throw it. It only spread its four legs wide apart, like those of a saddler's horse. Then the boy took off the bridle, thinking it might try to run away, knowing itself to be free. The burro smiled at this. Then the boy gathered a lot of stones and began pelting it.

The burro never flinched. A man was sprinkling his yard with a hose near by, and the boy got him to squirt water on the burro. The burro laughed and snickered audibly. Then the boy pulled a handful of fresh grass and held it temptingly in front, but the burro only nodded his head and levelled his double-barreled head-gear at his master. Naturally this gathered a crowd, and many were the words of encouragement showered upon the boy, and the sticks and yells at the burro, for the boy in a short public address gave them all "leave at him." Just at this point an electric car appeared. It came spinning up in the burro's rear, clanging its bell noisily, for the motorman recognized the obstructionist. He thought the animal would get out of the way of the racket, but the burro never moved. The motorman, not caring to kill the beast, stopped the car suddenly, only giving the burro a hard bump, which made him brace the harder. Then he crowd yelled while an attempt was made to start the car slowly, but the burro only spread his legs wider and smiled. The passengers then got off and two men, taking hold of each leg of the burro, lifted it off the track and set it down on the roadside just as if it had been a heavy centre-table. Then the boy put on the bridle again, and, climbing aboard trotted the burro off after the car, wagging his ears as peacefully as if he had never balked in his life.

## Britain's Debt

The Bullionist notes that according to the official return the debt of the United Kingdom now stands at £671,042,842, the government having reduced it by £6,636,729 during the year ended with March 31, 1893, or £245,341 more than in the previous twelve months. It is curious to read that before the commencement of the reign of William III., in 1689, the national indebtedness of this country was .00 per cent. of the present huge total, i.e., £664,263, as compared with an aggregate now of over £671,000,000. The determination of this country to abolish slavery wherever it was possible cost us more than £20,000,000, which was the real commencement of our national debt. After that war was chiefly responsible for the accumulation of a load of debt that had reached the enormous total of £850,132,783 when the Queen ascended the throne in 1837. Seeing that we now owe £671,042,842, it is obvious that in the beneficent reign of Victoria the national debt has been reduced by no less an amount than £179,088,041, or over 21 per cent. of the total indebtedness of half a century ago. Our national debt is still far too large to cause those who hold consols to entertain apprehensions as to the redemption of the security so dearly loved by careful British investors; but the steady reduction that has been going on year by year is encouraging, and reveals the efforts of successive Chancellors of the Exchequer to reduce the enormous load of debt incurred by the terribly expensive wars that preceded the Victorian ear.


Strong nerves, sweet sleep, good appetite, healthy digestion, and best of all, Pure Blood, are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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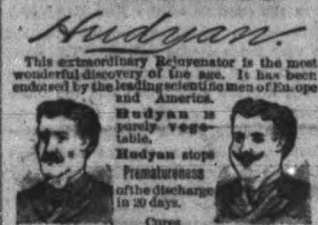

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Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.


## CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

British Barque

**FORMOSA**

From Liverpool.

WM. KAIN, Master.

This vessel will commence discharging cargo at Rithet's inner wharf, Wednesday, Oct. 4th. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof, respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
Consignees of Vessel

Victoria, Oct. 3rd, 1893. o3

## TO CAPITALISTS

### Silks and Teas.

FOR SALE—The undersigned will dispose of a business connection with China and Japan for $5000 cash.

C. F. MOORE,
Corner Clarke and Taunton Streets, Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C. s21-1m

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## NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has, by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Oct6-tf

## NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

### Pursuant to the Creditor's Trust Deeds Act, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Daniel McIntyre of Duncan's, Vancouver Island, in the Province of British Columbia, lumberman, has assigned all his real and personal property to Phil Chapman Butts of Duncan's, aforesaid, lumberman, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Daniel McIntyre. The said deed is dated and was executed by the said Daniel McIntyre and Phil Chapman Butts on the tenth day of Oct., A.D. 1893. All persons having claims against the said Daniel McIntyre must forward and deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the said Phil Chapman Butts at Duncan's, aforesaid, on or before the tenth day of November, A.D. 1893. All persons indebted to the said Daniel McIntyre are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said tenth day of November, A.D. 1893, the said Phil Chapman Butts will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated the tenth day of October, A.D. 1893.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
20 Bastion Street, Victoria, B. C.
Solicitors for the Assignee.

o11-1w


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No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
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No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
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No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
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No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
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No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
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THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

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## ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

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PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co's and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 384.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

## SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m. on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brethers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 126, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, jy29 Comp. A.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PEMBERTON, se23 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. L. SMITH, Secretary.

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## AMUSEMENTS.

The Hospital Ball

The third annual ball in aid of the funds of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital will be held at the ASSEMBLY ROOMS, FORT STREET, ON Wednesday, October 25, 1893

PATRONS: His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor. Admiral Stevenson, C.B. Hon. Theodore Davie, Premier of British Columbia. His Worship Mayor Beaven.

Tickets—Five dollars (not transferable) may be obtained from the Ladies' Committee and the Directors of the Hospital or from Messrs. Hibben & Co., and Messrs. Challoner & Mitchell.

H. M. YATES, Secretary. Oct.15.

GRAND LECTURE AND CONCERT

A Lecture under the auspices of the Y.P.S.C.E., of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will be given by MISS AGNES DEANS CAMERON In the Institute Hall on Tuesday, 24th October. The subject of the Lecture will be "A Visit to the World's Fair." Illustrated by lime light. As the views chosen are different from any altherto exhibited in Victoria the Lecture will be interesting. A musical programme will likewise be given, the songs being rendered during the evening by leading vocalists, including Madame Laird, Mr. W. E. Buck and Mr Clement Bowlands. Senator McInnes will occupy the chair. Tickets may be had of Messrs. T. N. Hibben, Lombard & Co., Waitt & Co., music store, R. Jamieson, Kerr & Begg, Government street, and C. H. Bowes, Johnson street. o14-td


## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A general servant. Address "Howard," this office. o16-tf

WANTED—By a first class dressmaker, work by the day, perfect fit guaranteed. Address E., Times office. o16-3t

FOR SALE—A five-roomed house; bath and pantry; on Pembroke street; easy terms. Apply No. 8 Cedar Hill street. Oct.16-1w

YOUNG MAN—25—having first-class discharge from Government situation, wishes employment of any kind. Address O., Times Office. Oct. 16-2t.

WANTED—A partner with small capital. Apply 72 Fort street. Oct. 16-3t.

FOR SALE—Central fire, hammerless, nearly new, with all the latest improvements complete, cost $200, price $125. Also a first class muzzle loading revolver, as good as new, a splendid match revolver with two triggers can be seen at 34 Humboldt St. o16-1t

EMERY—On the 13th inst., at Fernwood estate the wife of William Emery of a son.

FOR SALE—Two lots in Victoria West. Enquire at Half Way House. o14-1m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

PIANO TUNING—Room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

TO LET—Suitable offices for Medical Men, with entrances on Langley and Government streets. A. DeCosmos. o10-6t

FOR SALE—5000 acres fertile land at Matsqui Prairie, in blocks of 40 acres each, at $35 to $40 per acre. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—Two storey house, 5 rooms, on Francis Avenue, convenient to Saanich Road car line. Price reduced to $800, payable $100 cash and balance to suit purchaser. Also improved Farm Near McPherson's Station, on any terms, at $1200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

WANTED—Tenant for a small cottage and over an acre of land inside city limits; excellent chance, rent $7.50 per month. Apply 30 Broad street. o21m

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder will please return to Times office. s27-tf

TO LET—Two good bedrooms for gentlemen, and homecooking accomodation for a married couple at Miss McCandlish's 63 Superior street. s27-tf

TO LET, Chatham street, House with 8 rooms, bath with hot and cold water, closet inside house. House warmed by hot air. Rent, $17.50. Apply R. H. Bayne, 50 1-2 Govt. St. s21-tf

TO RENT—The American hotel and bar, 36 rooms and a fine large concert hall. The bar and fixtures all complete. Apply T. J. Burnes, Burnes House. s11-tf


Ask for 'GRANBY' Rubber Boots & Shoes.


## NOTICE.

In Pound: One bay horse, star on forehead, white nose, three white feet, brand on shoulder; will be sold by auction October 28, Saturday, at City Pound, 12 o'clock, noon, if not redeemed and pound charges paid on or before that date.

ANDREW SHAW, Pound Keeper. o12-td


The Bush & Gert's Piano Has secured a first award at the World's Fair. If you are looking for the best piano bear this in mind and go to the agents, T. W. Fletchers', 47 Fort street.


### End of the World's Fair.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Invitations were sent out yesterday to President Cleveland and members of the cabinet, asking them to participate in the celebration of the close of the fair on Columbus day, Monday, October 30th. During the day the council of administration settled the question as to whether the close should be October 30th, as given in the congressional act, or October 31, as intended by the congressmen who drew it up. It was decided to follow the strict letter of the law and fix the day as Oct. 30th, continuing the last formalities until the 31st, and making the hour for closing correspond with the hour of the formal opening.


# THE DAILY TIMES

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Changes of Advertisements. It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.


# The Daily Times.

## THE ELLIS CONTEMPT CASE.

The supreme court of New Brunswick has seen fit to pass a very severe sentence on J. V. Ellis, editor of the St. John Globe, on account of a "contempt of court" case. Said contempt was committed in connection with the famous election case in Queen's county, when Mr. King was "euchred" out of his seat in the commons. An application had been made for a recount and the county judge was proceeding with this when an injunction restraining him was issued by Mr. Justice Tuck of the supreme court. Now the circumstances were such as to make it natural that a charge of partisanship should be preferred against Judge Tuck, and Editor Ellis did not hesitate to make that charge in his paper. He was brought up for "contempt of court," and after a vain appeal to the supreme court at Ottawa he has been sentenced to imprisonment for 30 days and a fine of $200, and is compelled to pay the heavy costs of the case besides. There can be no pleasure in being sent to jail or in paying a heavy fine, yet we should esteem Mr. Ellis fortunate in having so outrageous and vindictive a sentence passed on him by the court. If he had been lightly punished it is likely no more would have been heard of the case, but the judges have chosen to make a martyr of him and thus enlist the sympathy of the public in his behalf. In this way they have done not only Mr. Ellis but the public itself a good service, for it cannot be doubted that a few such cases of persecution will bring about the abolition of this "contempt of court" abuse. It is most absurd that this survival of mediaeval practices should have been allowed to continue so long, and if a few more judges would only follow the example of the New Brunswick Draccos they might succeed in effecting a very much needed reform. The great majority of the Canadian judges, however, are too enlightened and too much possessed of the spirit of fairness to exercise their power in this vindictive fashion. Therefore the few exceptions are left to show how well they enjoy their "brief authority."

## THE TARIFF INQUIRY.

In view of what has happened at Winnipeg, members of the Board of Trade here may well feel satisfied because of their decision in regard to the ministerial tariff investigation. The Winnipeg board took a different course, and undertook, as a board, to lay before the ministers a memorial representing the voice of the province on the tariff question. As in other places, the interview with the ministers was private, members of the board being also led to understand that their memorial would be treated as a confidential odcument, the contents of which were not to be made public. They were therefore somewhat taken aback when Ministers Angers at the party demonstration in the evening said that Mr. Foster and himself had been discussing tariff matters with the Board of Trade and that he "would be committing no indiscretion if he said that the grievances were very small." This was making a distinctly partisan use of the board's memorial, and the occurrence shows that those members of the local board who were opposed to any official action were justified in taking that stand. The members of the Winnipeg board were naturally nettled by this treatment and by the insinuation that they had been able to lay before the ministers nothing but a few "very small" grievances, after all that had been said of tariff abuses. One of them took the trouble to give the Tribune the following summary of the memorial by way of showing that Mr. Angers was mistaken: "The memorial of grievances presented went to the root of the whole fiscal policy of Canada. They showed that nearly 25 years after the incorporation of this country with Canada and with 3,200 miles of railroad, every mile of which was in operation between the Red River and the Rocky Mountains, thereby enabling settlers to reach within a short distance of their destination wherever it might be in the vast territory, still the population of this magnificent country was less than 250,000 people, and further, that with the advantages of soil and climate that enabled us to raise grain, cattle horses, sheep, etc., so bountifully, that this was absurdly small. That the immigration to this country had been most disappointing and was not increasing; that this state of affairs was the result of the settler being unable to succeed to the extent that he had reasonable ground to expect; that in consequence he was not inducing his friends or relatives to come here, and that he was not in any manner an immigration agent. It was shown that the rate of duty charged on many of the necessities of a new country was prohibitive, and in other cases excessively high; that the amount of duty paid on agricultural machinery for the fiscal year ending June, 1892, was over $100,000; that on binding twine for the same year it was $26,000; that the duty paid on coal oil and the barrels which contain it for the same year was $30,000, and it was asked that the tariff should be reduced to the lowest possible point consistent with the revenue requirements of the Dominion on all necessities for the settler and for the opening up and development of the country, as under the present tariff, with the high freight rates and the high rates of duty, and with a purely agricultural country such as we have, the products of which have to be sold in the open markets of the world in competition with all other countries, our settlers could not expect that reasonable measure of prosperity they were fairly entitled to." From this it may be judged how far correct Minister Angers was in his statement at the meeting. At the same time the incident indicates very clearly the spirit in which the ministerial tour of tariff inquiry has been undertaken.

### Cholera's Endemic Home.

Shocking as are the statistics of mortality among pilgrims to Mecca reported in the Sun from Tunis a few days ago, where of 9,000 who set out but half the number returned, the death rate of this year is but little greater than that of ordinary years. The health officials of Bombay and other Indian cities have for some time been collecting facts and statistics to show that India does not deserve the ill reputation it has of being "the indemic home of cholera," but that Arabia is the home of the plague, and they are preparing to make strenuous efforts to arouse the Arabian authorities and convince them of the fact and to have them apply a remedy. Some of the statistics printed in the Bombay Gazette reveal the terrible state of affairs.

According to the official returns of the health officer of Bombay, of 91,000 pilgrims who left that city for Mecca during the past eight years, only 60,000 have come back. Thirty pilgrims in every hundred have perished in every year of that period, and very many of those who survived to return home have come back only to die of disease contracted on the pilgrimage. The facts adduced go to prove that pilgrims do not carry disease with them from India. There is a rigid inspection at Bombay before embarkation, and every pilgrim is required to pass a medical examination, to undergo a certain quarantining process, and to possess a certificate of good health. The mortality on the voyage from Bombay to Arabia is very small. It is after the pilgrims hvae entered the holy cities, and during the return, that the mortality is great.

A record is kept by the British consul at Jeddah of the number of pilgrims arriving at and departing from that port, with such particulars as will ensure general identification. The figures of this record fully corroborate those of the Bombay officials. An average estimate of the mortality of one-third among the Indian pilgrims in each year, when there is no general epidemic of cholera, is clearly established, and the belief is expressed, founded on such corroborative statistics as are obtainable, that fully one-third of all pilgrims to Mecca perish in every year.

The Indian officials assert that the cholera plagues which periodically sweep around the world "have their origin in the filth of Mecca and Medina." There is a great scarcity of water in these places, and the quality of the little obtainable is bad. The famous holy well at Mecca offers the most complete conditions for spreading the disease. One of the most essential devotions in the pilgrimage is to bathe in and drink of the waters from this well, and its brink is always crowded with pilgrims, some drawing its water and pouring it over their persons, others dipping it up in cups and gourds and drinking it. The water used for bathing runs directly back into the well, and thus diseases are directly spread.

The authorities did for a time this year close up the well. Drainage in the city there is little or none, and the most ordinary sanitary precautions are utterly disregarded by the choked crowds of pilgrims. Not alone cholera is thus bred and spread, but the holy cities are hotbeds of small-pox and other like terrible diseases. The same conditions are true of El Tor, Jeddah and Camaran, and the Indian health officials will, for protection of its people as well as for the sake of the country's reputation, make strong endeavors to induce the authorities of the holy places of pilgrimage to take an interest in drainage and general sanitation; to have more scavengers even if they have to have fewer priests. They think that the western nations might profitably take an interest in the condition of things in Arabia, and the result of their investigations will be offered in the hope that steps will be taken to crush out the cholera plague in what they assume to prove its real endemic home.


See display of small tools, etc., in Shore's window, 57 Johnson street.


## FOR VALOR.

### American Soldiers Who Won Medals of Honor in the War.

New York, Oct. 17.—t was a distinguished company of veterans of the war that assembled in annual convention in the club room of the Holland House to-day. They were members of an organization of which little has ever been heard, but admission to which can never be gained by either ex-officers or privates who do not possess one special qualification. The Medal of Honor Legion is composed of veterans who performed some act of heroism on the battlefield which was rewarded by election to the ranks of the legion and the award of one of the medals voted by congress in the latter part of 1862 for gallantry in action.

Of the millions of officers, non-commissioned officers and privates engaged in the northern service there are only 150 wearers of the emblem of valor, and nearly the entire number, representing almost every state and territory, and ranking from generals to privates, assembled this morning at the Holland House for a two days' reunion, to be devoted mainly to reminiscences of olden times.

Sergt. Michael A. Dillon, commander of the Legion for the current year, presided over the gathering, and those were amongst those present: Gen. Daniel Butterfield, Gen. Alexander S. Webb, president of the College of the City of New York; Gen. George W. Mindil, of Brooklyn; Col. James Quinlon, of New York; Col. J. Madison Cutts, of Washington; Col. F. M. Betts, of Philadelphia; James R. Dunham, of Washington; Gen. Wheelock P. Veazey, of Vermont; William J. Wray, of Philadelphia; Patrick Ginley, Major Terry, Gen. James R. O'Brien, Louis Richards, Harvey May Munsell, all of New York; Abram T. Harring and John Lawson, of Philadelphia; Capt. Sidman, of Philadelphia; Sergt. John H. Cook, Col. John M. Coyne and John G. Morrison, of New York.

Every one present to-day wore his medal. Its appearance is probably unknown to nine-tenths of those who fought in the war. It is a bronze star attached to a bar of the same metal by a ribbon. The five points of the star are tipped with trefoils. Each point of the star contains a crown of laurel and oak. In the centre of the medal, within a circle of 34 stars, Minerva as America stands with her left hand resting on the fasces, while in her right hand she holds a shield emblazoned with the American arms, with which she repulses discord. The star is surmounted by a trophy representing two crossed cannons, beneath which are a number of cannon balls, and resting over them a sword. The American eagle is above the trophy. The bar is composed of two cornucopiae and the American arms, and the ribbon is the stars and stripes in silk. The medal is made entirely of bronze and is a handsome piece of work. On the back is engraved "Congress medal for distinguished gallantry at ..... while serving as ....." For its beauty, the honor of its possession, and the difficulty of acquiring it, the medal of honor is of almost the same order of merit as the Victoria Cross of the British army, the cross of the Legion of Honor of France, the Golden Fleece of Austria, or the Iron Cross of Prussia.

### Burning for a Year.

An extraordinary instance of the burning of a vessel was that of the Ada Iredale, bound from Scotland to San Francisco with a cargo of coal. She was abandoned in October, 1876, nearly 2,000 miles east of the Marquesas islands. Her crew took to the boats and succeeded in reaching the Marquesas. Meanwhile the wreck, still burning, drifted westward in the equatorial current to Tahiti, a distance of 2,423 miles. Finally she was towed into port, and her cargo continued to smoulder for more than a year. However, she was repaired eventually, and is now engaged in the China trade.

On January 11, 1892, the Colombo D, not far from Bermuda, saw a vessel three miles over the starboard bow. The stranger was a three-master, square rigged. When signalled, she returned no answer. She seemed to be steering erratically, with all sails set. She was approached so close that the name on her stern, "Hutchins Bros., Nova Scotia," was easily read, but there was no sign of life on her deck. The supercilious sailors refused to board her, thinking there was something uncanny about her. The Colombo D stayed by all night, the skipper desiring to investigate the mystery, but in the morning, though it had been almost dead calm, the three-master had vanished from the face of the ocean. The crew of the Colombo D were terrified, believing that they had seen the phantom ship, and they thought they would never reach port alive. However they got to land all right and learned that the Hutchins Bros. had been deserted when about to sink by her men, who were picked up. The case was quite similar to the celebrated one of the Marie Celeste, which was found in the Mediterranean under full sail without a soul on board, though nothing apparently was the matter with her, and the fire in the galley stove was lighted. That mystery was never solved. The vessel was towed into Genoa, and was scuttled years after in the Gulf of Mexico for the insurance.

The drifts of some of these derelicts are astonishing. One of the most remarkable was that of the schooner W. L. White, abandoned in the great blizzard of 1888. Her track formed a picturesque feature of the pilot charts for many months. From March to November she was reported by thirty-six vessels. In a cruise of ten months she traversed a distance of more than 5,000 miles, eventually going ashore on one of the Hebrides. The American schooner Wyer G. Sargant drifted about the ocean for two years, covering a distance of 5,500 miles. She was loaded with $20,000 worth of mahogany. She was sighted thirty-four times, and traversed the whole Atlantic, from the west to the east coast, and from the Azores to Newfoundland.—Washington Star.


Carbonized —Seal Teeth Something entirely new. Come and see them at PENNOCK & LOWES Next Spencer's.


## CANADIAN DISPATCHES

### The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

An order in council prohibiting the importation of dried fruits from Smyrna was rescinded by the cabinet at Ottawa.

Mrs. Timothy Smith, of Rosebank, Man., was burned to death while fighting a prairie fire.

A man named Ringrose was drawn into a threshing cylinder near Fort Qu'Appelle and his right leg terribly mangled.

The Selkirk Record announces that R. Latouche Tupper has received the appointment of inspector of fisheries for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

J. S. Thompson, one of the largest real estate dealers in Montreal, has abandoned his estate to his creditors. Liabilities, $275,000; assets all in real estate.

Mrs. Crispe, wife of the manager of the Union Bank, Souris, had about $900 worth of diamonds stolen from her house on Thursday night. Detective Power succeeded in capturing the jewelry and thieves in Brandon.

There arrived in Winnipeg on Sunday evening four families travelling in prairie schooners, having driven all the way from Nebraska, their destination being Olds Station, on the Calgary & Edmonton railway, 900 miles west.

Dr. Carlyle, for twenty-three years mathematical master in the normal school, Toronto, will resign his position at the end of the present term, to be succeeded by Mr. Scott, of the Ottawa normal school, whose place will be filled by J. B. Sinclair, of the Hamilton model school.

Thomas Fitzsimmons committed suicide at Fleming, Manitoba. He came home late at night. Next morning he was remonstrated with for keeping late hours. He went into his bedroom, and soon the inmates of the house were startled by hearing a revolver shot. The ball took effect in his brain, and death was instantaneous.

On the application of Fred H. Smith, trustee for the bondholders, the supreme court of New Brunswick appointed Chas. A. Everett and Arthur J. Truman receivers of the St. John Street Railway Company. This action is the outcome of the financial stringency in New York, where the chief owners of the road reside, and will not interfere with the running of the street railway, which is a paying property. The company locked up much money recently in substituting electricity for horses.

Robert McGreevy secured bondsmen and was released from jail on Monday. In connection with the coming criminal trial against Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly, intelligence reached Ottawa that one of the most important witnesses, who has been missing for some time, W. H. Cluney, had been arrested at St. Catharines. He will be taken to Ottawa. As this witness has given the crown considerable trouble, it is questionable whether he will be liberated before the trial commences. Subpoenas for the coming trial are now being served upon all the witnesses.

### Pusey and Newman.

To those who did not know Pusey, his attitude towards Newman during the years of 1844 and 1845 may have appeared unintelligible. Pusey's own unshaken and unshakable faith in the English church warranted him in taking what in any other less sure of his ground would have been liberties with his own possession. He could not at first bring himself to think that Newman would ever desert a cause the claims of which appeared to himself to be so entirely unassailable by controversy. When at last it was forced upon him that Newman would become a Roman Catholic, he endeavored to reconcile his own unswerving love of and deference for Newman with his absolute faith in the presence of Christ with the English church by the supposition that Newman was, at any rate for a time, the subject of a special call or dispensation, having for its object the promotion of some great blessing or improvement in the Roman church; and therefore that his secession was no more entitled to general imitation that was the mission of the prophet Jonah to Nineveh. Such a position is, of course, open to obvious criticisms; but the heart has a logic of its own, which is often in point of courage and generosity more than a match for that of the bare understanding. It was so in this case. Pusey accompanied his friend as far as his conscience would allow; even where he could no longer agree with him, he clung, as it were, to his hand, with unabated friendship, which many mistook for agreement. When, however, Newman at last took the final step, Pusey drew back and parted from him with deep sorrow of heart, but with absolutely unimpaired convictions. He quietly resumed those general duties to the church at large imposed on him by God's providence—duties which had now become far more burdensome by the loss of his dear friend and great associate.—Life of Dr. Pusey by H. P. Liddon, D. D.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

OUR IDEA

is advertising is to form a direct connection in your mind between Drugs, Prescriptions, Toilet Articles, &c., &c., and

COCHRANE & MUNN,

Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts

**Millinery.**

See Partridge's window this season for stylish millinery. The Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, carry the broom. Our prices are what we call hard time prices, down to bedrock.

**We Are Proud**

Not of our wealth. We should not be proud on that score, even if we owed thousands more than we do, but we are proud of our immense stock of ladies' jackets, which we are willing to exchange for American silver dollars, or even unwashed Dominion one dollar notes. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

**Does Advertising Pay.**

We think so. We have asked the editor, and he says yes, it paid him all right. We have asked the public, and they say yes, they save themselves thousands yearly by studying our price lists and purchasing at our store. We have asked ourselves, and we reply yes, if it pays the public it pays us. The public good and a little profit for ourselves is our sole aim. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

**Law Intelligence.**

Mr. Justice Drake sat in the Speedy Trials Court to hear the evidence in the case of Reg. vs. Currier, charged with the larceny of a diamond ring. W. H. Langley appeared for the crown and Lindley Crease defended. The evidence did not differ from that taken at the preliminary investigation with the exception that the defendant and his witnesses gave their testimony. Young Ramous, who laid the information against the prisoner admitted that he knew the owner of the diamond ring but did not explain why he kept it in his possession so long without notifying him. The evidence of the prisoner and of Wallace went to show that the ring was purchased from Ramous for $20. His lordship discharged the prisoner whereupon the crown prosecutor intimated that an information would be laid against Ramous for stealing the ring. The private prosecutor accordingly changed places with the prisoner and was placed under arrest by Officer Hildreth.

The hearing of the evidence in Adams vs. Duck was to be resumed at 2:30 p. m. before Mr. Justice Drake.

**Departure of the Empress.**

The Empress of India, Capt. O. P. Marshall, sailed for the Orient at a late hour last night. She carried away a full cargo of freight, about 150 Chinese and the following cabin passengers: Rev. D. L. and Mrs. Aderson and family, Miss Ida Anderson, J. S. Anderson, R. S. Anderson, all of Atlanta; Rev. N. Arnetvedt, St. Paul; Rev. W. H. Austen, England; E. W. Ashworth, New York; C. H. Balfour, Manila; C. A. Black, Yokohama; Miss E. M. Barr, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Brown, Hong Kong; Miss Brazier, England; E. H. Burr, Boston; Mis A. Burn, England; Rev. R. and Mrs. Davidson, New York; A. M. D'haramsi, Boston; Douglas Dick, Victoria; Miss Guess, New York; C. M. Gottfried, Aberdeen; Mr. and Mrs. Alf. Guedes and servant, New York; Rev. C. B. and Mrs. Hawarth and children, Chicago; J. Henneker Heaton, England; John Hill, Glasgow; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hilley and children, England; Miss Holland, Shanghai; A. Hoosien, Bombay; J. Hulbert, Hong Kong; Miss E. Hulbert, England; Mr. Hunter, Hiogo; Mrs. Jamieson, Glasgow; Miss Jamieson, Glasgow; Edward Kassell, San Francisco; Mr. Kawabe, Nagasaki; D. Kimball, Boston; T. Kodama, Tokyo; John T. Milne, New York; B. K. Morton, Melbourne; Miss B. Nelson, Montreal; Marriott Parkinson, London; Mr. and Mrs. Franklin D. Pelton, New York; Rev. J. N. Plumb, Chicago; Miss Poulette, New York; Mrs. Post, Tacoma; Mr. G. H. Potts, Shanghai; Mr. Rasje, San Francisco; C. Rudolph, Shanghai; Mr. Shaku, Kamakura; Gen. and Mrs. Simpson, England; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. G. Singer, England; Mr. and Mrs. Sturgis and daughter, Pennsylvania; Mr. Thayer, New York; Rev. M. Verbeck, San Francisco; Miss Volckmar, St. Paul; Mrs. L. B. Welb, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead, England; W. A. Wilson, Yokohama; Mr. Worthington, Montreal; Rev. T. H. Yun, Chicago.

D. E. Brown and wife and Mrs. Post were among the passengers. There were also many missionaries who are returning to their post in the Orient.

**Marine.**

The sealer Walter Rich is being overhauled.

The American schooner Fisher Maid is in port.

The steamer Romulus has been chartered to load lumber on the Sound for South America.

The schooner Agnes MacDonald has been stripped and is being overhauled. The work of re-rigging her will begin to-morrow. Captain Charles Harris is in charge of the work.

**Sale of Ladies' Jackets and Cloaks.**

Positively no offer within 50 per cent. of cost will be refused. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

## SHORT LOCALS.

**Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.**

—It is now 17 days since there was a fire in the city limits.

—Letts diaries for 1894. J. Johnson & Co., books and stationery, Government street. tf

—The school board will probably meet as committee of the whole to-morrow afternoon.

—Mr. Franck, the grocer, injured by being thrown from a wagon yesterday, is recovering.

—The work of extending Broad street through to Cormorant street has been about completed.

—Mme. E. Moore, the instructor of dancing, will resume her classes on Oct. 21st in Sir William Wallace hall.

—The young people of the Central Presbyterian church will meet this evening to organize a literary association.

—The James Bays are providing a fine programme for their smoking concert at the Clarence hotel on Saturday evening.

—There was a police officer in the lobby of the council chamber last night to prevent any applause from the assembled citizens.

—No one has appeared to claim the seized American smuggler Ohio, but the date of sale has not yet been determined upon.

—A harvest festival will be held in St. James' church, James bay, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. Bishop Perrin will preach.

—The Germania Club gave its first social dance of the season in Harmony Hall last night. Refreshments were served at midnight.

An interesting event will happen Thursday evening. A member of the Young Men's Institute will lead a daughter of the Emerald Isle to the altar.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods.

—By consent of the parties concerned the case for wages brought by the sealer Butcher against the owners of the Annie E. Paint has been adjourned till Friday.

—Lee Fook Bow, a well known Chinaman, has been committed for trial at San Francisco charged with perjury in trying to smuggle Chummie Young into the United States.

—Harry Evans, son of the keeper of the Admiralty Head lighthouse, who was drowned while running away from home, was accompanied in his flight by Walter Irving, who met the same fate.

—In the police court to-day G. Welsh, J. Penrose and W. Brown, theft from George Cook. Case dismissed. W. Cadman, stealing $11, one month. R. Bryant, vagrancy, dismissed. Frank, Indian, drunk, fined $5.

—Ramous, who figured as prosecutor in the case against Ed. Currier, charged with stealing a diamond and acquitted, has himself been arrested and charged with the theft of the ring, the stone of which he charged Currier with stealing.

—The flagship ball will take place to-morrow evening in the sale loft at the naval dockyard. It is being decorated now for the affair. The fleet ball will take place very soon. The date has not been set, but it will be before any of the ships leave.

—On Wednesday evening the poultry club will exhibit Plymouth rocks and Pekin ducks. The exhibition will be as usual at room 10 of the market building. It is expected that the two classes mentioned will be very well represented and that the exhibition will be well attended.

—"When I voted for the surface drains by-law," said a prominent citizen to-day, "I thought at least some of the money would be spent to keep the open drains around the city clean, but they are just as bad as ever. This is particularly the case in the lower portion of the city.

—Capt. McLellan, who formerly commanded the steamer Coquitlam and latter the big schooner Americana, is in the city. He had to give up the latter post and go to Harison to rid himself of a severe attack of rheumatism. He pronounces the decision of Judge Fruitt in the Coquitlam case an outrage.

—James Houlihan and Miss H. White were married at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral this morning by Rev. Father Joseph Nicolaye. Mr. C. Brown gave the bride away, Miss Brown was bridesmaid and William H. Harris best man. A few friends were present at the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Houlihan will make their home in Victoria.

—The next steamship from Yokohama will probably bring some news from the schooner Maud S, Captain McKiel, as it is thought here that she will receive an early trial before the consular or admiralty court. Her release will very likely be secured for from as much of the case as is known here it is thought the evidence is entirely insufficient to hold her.

—The steamer Danube sailed for the north this afternoon. The following passengers went up: R. Cunningham and wife, C. McIvor, Skeena river; J. Morrison, wife and son and A. Morrison, King's Island; J. Skillen and wife, Skeena; C. G. Cunningham and C. E. Race, Natwitti; C. Kratz, Naas; H. Warburton, Fort Simpson; Theo. Robinson, Inverness; Rev. J. R. Pyemont, H. Kirkland, L. N. Couyers and wife, Miss Kirk, W. H. Dempster and R. Gresham.

—No. 1 company, B. C. B. G. A., will have gun drill this evening.

—The schooner William Borden cleared for Adelaide, Australia, to-day.

—The date of the lacrosse club concert has been fixed for Thursday, the 26th instant.

—A number of clergy from the Sound and the Mainland will take part in the funeral services of the late Father Mandart.

—The business men of the city have not yet taken advantage of the Board of Trade rooms being open to organize for the interviews with Hon. G. E. Foster and Hon. Mr. Angers during their stay in the city.

—William Baker, a brother of Ald. James Baker, died at the home of Ald. Baker, 65 Pembroke street, last night at midnight. He was a native of London, Ont., aged 45, and leaves three children. He came to the province in 1867 and for many years was engaged in contracting. He was very well known, particularly among the old residents. Consumption was the cause of death. The funeral will be at 2:30 to-morrow from the house of James Baker. Bishop Cridge will conduct the services.

## GONE TO HIS REWARD.

**Father Mandart's Death and Incidents in His Useful Life.**

In the library of the Roman Catholic bishop's palace on Yates street, lies the mortal remains of the Rev. Father Mandart, the oldest priest in the diocese of Victoria, and in the absence of Bishop Lemmens the administrator of the diocese of Vancouver Island. Father Mandart died at St. Joseph's Hospital at three clock yesterday afternoon, as announced in last night's Times. Death was caused by rheumatism of the heart. He had been ailing for weeks but was taken to the hospital only a week ago Sunday after he had celebrated mass. The same morning before he put on his vestments for the celebration of mass he told a friend that that would be his last mass. It was with difficulty that he finished the mass, his voice was indistinct and faltering and several times he stopped, completely exhausted, and a minute or more would elapse before he was able to continue.

Joseph Marie Mandart was born in Vannes, Brittany, France, on January 27th, 1819. In 1853 he was ordained a priest and ten years afterwards came to British Columbia as assistant to Bishop Demers. He was in charge of Saanich until 1877 when he accompanied Archbishop Seghers to Alaska. In 1882 he was transferred to Victoria and has acted as administrator of the diocese in the absence of the bishop. He was a man of considerable learning but very humble and exceedingly scrupulous in the performance of his priestly functions. When he first went to Saanich he hewed himself a humble hut out of the trunk of a large tree. This crude shelter still remains. As a penance in the early days he always walked to Saanich barefooted and refused the proffered assistance of people who drove past him. He was a great friend of Archbishop Seghers and when the archbishop fell ill in Alaska the untiring care of Father Mandart saved his life. The deceased for years refused to sleep in a bed. His couch was a rough board and his covering a single blanket. If the venerable priest had one thing more dear to his heart than another, it was the establishment of an orphanage at Saanich. He was a very generous man, and to the orphans he was more than generous. While in the hospital such was his devotion that he rose one morning and insisted on celebrating mass. It took him over an hour to celebrate it, and when he had finished he had to be assisted to bed. Father Nicolaye gave him the last sacraments several days ago. The news of his death has been telegraphed to Bishop Lemmens His reply has not yet been received.

On Wednesday morning at 9:30 high mass of requiem will be celebrated in the cathedral and a male choir will chant the services. Father Nicolaye will preach the funeral sermon. The remains will be left in the church till Thursday morning, when low mass will be celebrated at 8 o'clock and the remains taken to Saanich for interment, this being the dying request of the deceased priest. On Wednesday evening there will be offices for the dead in the cathedral.

**New Dress Goods**

Opened this day at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, fancy whipcord, beige natte, serges, cashmeres, mourning goods, plain and shot effects, hopsacks in all the new shades, 33c., 40c., 50c., 65c., to $1.50 per yard. J. Partridge, proprietor.

## JOHN'S GREAT SCHEME.

**Wah Foo Makes a Bold Move for a Fortune.**

Vancouver, Oct. 17.—A Chinaman named Wah Foo purchased a draft on Hong Kong for $2,250 in the bank of British Columbia in New Westminster and matched the draft and money and made off. He got to Vancouver and aboard the Empress of India, but was found a few minutes before the steamer sailed. He will be tried at New Westminster.

Wm. Clarkson of Westminster has given 140 acres, worth $14,000, to the Columbian Methodist college on condition that two of his grandchildren be educated free.

Bishop and Mrs. Sillitoe were publicly welcomed home to New Westminster last night.

The steamer Grandholm leaves Westminster to-day with 80,000 cases of salmon and 70 tons of lumber for the United Kingdom. She takes on salmon and canned fruit at Victoria.

About a dozen Australian gentlemen who are awaiting passage by the Miowera for Australia are becoming anxious for the safety of that steamer, and annoyed at the apparent inactivity of the representatives of the company here in ascertaining whether she has been disabled near the Canadian side. This afternoon they interviewed the collector of customs and harbor master; they will urge that either the Quadra or one of her majesty's ships be sent out a reasonable distance to search for the missing steamer.

**Mantles, Waterproofs,**

See us this week. We have the new styles. Some mantles you will observe hang, but these fit. Special values we offer in the above lines. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. John Partridge, proprietor.

## PERSONAL.

J. H. Pleace, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

Supt. F. S. Hussey has gone to the Mainland.

T. S. Higginson, of New Westminster, is in the city.

W. F. Ferguson, auditor of the C.P.R., is in the city.

Hon. J. H. Turner went over to the mainland this morning.

F. B. Pemberton returned last evening from the mainland.

Sir Henry Kempt, of London, England, is registered at the Driard.

Rev. Father Linder, who is to open a mission here Sunday, is in the city.

D. H. Hall, Comox; J. Brady, Everett, Wash., and P. Kerr, of Portland, are at the Driard.

J. F. McMartin, representing McKeddy & Co., Montreal, registered at the Driard last evening.

Charles Bunting, for a long time assistant to Agent E. E. Blackwood of the Northern Pacific, is now bookkeeper for Fred Fell.

Among the guests at the Hotel Victoria are: W. H. C. Mayo, McPherson's; Geo. Piercey and J. Featherstone, Liverpool; G. Anderson, Vancouver; G. E. Burns, Montreal, and J. L. Easton, Fairhaven.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Yosemite from Westminster—P L Peckham, John Mooney, John Thomson, S Thomson, W H Hammond, Thos H Guimell and wife, J Mitchell, J F McMartin, Miss E Macnaughton, Miss Gaylor, Miss Maggie, J Gilmore, D F Young, Adrino Franco, T H Blake, H Hoy, J Howie, J Hamilton, P Kerr, T W Evans, Capt McLellan, H Swanson, J Wilson, T S Higginson, F Farron, J Arthur, F B Pemberton, W M Matthews, W M Robson, C Boreline, G G Taylor.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Yosemite from Westminster—R P Rithet & Co, Ltd, R Porter & Son, W Templeman, H Swanson, Lenz & Leiser, W R Smith, Thos Blake, C P N Co, Ltd, R Ward & Co, E Escalet, Mrs P Smith, Valo & Brooks, Sister Placide, Pete Guignan, B C Cattle Co, Capt Irving, C B Robbins, R Jamieson, B & K M Co, Wilson Bros, W McDowell, McLaughlan, T Patterson, Wah Yuen, F B & Brodie, R Baker & Son, Sen & Co, Hong Lee, Hartman & Co, F B Pemberton, T F Mosely, J Fullerton, Dom Exp Co.

NEW MILLINERY

.....AT.....

SPENCER'S ARCADE

French Hats and Bonnets,

As well as a few from New York, just to hand by express, and will be shown on Monday. Also a choice lot of

New Birds and Wings.

A Case Ladies' English Tweed Walking Hats and Caps.
Boys' Reefer Coats and Sailor Suits.

D. SPENCER, Government Street.

EX S. S. WARRIMOO.

Australian SUGAR

70 Pound Sacks For Family Use.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

Australian Canned Meats

Luncheon Beef,
Roast Beef,
Roast Mutton,
Pork Sausage,
Etc., Etc.,

IN 1 AND 2 POUND CANS.
PRONOUNCED BY EPICURES AS "EXCELLENT."

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

—THE—

Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

New Jackets,
New Capes,
New Mantles

Etc., Etc., Etc.

These goods from one of the Finest Manufacturers in Europe to hand. They comprise one of the finest assortments of goods ever opened in British Columbia.

Prices are marked right down to the LOWEST NOTCH.

Ladies should see them at once.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

—THE—

Leander Tepid Swimming Bath

FIVE SISTERS BLOCK.

Will be opened to the public on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 16th

at noon. The building is well lighted and ventilated and heated with steam. The whole will be placed under the management of a competent swimming instructor.

Special Terms to Schools, Clubs, Etc.

G. C. MESHER, Proprietor.

Sept26-1m

CASH PAID

For Ladies' and Gentlemen's

CAST OFF CLOTHING

S. J. BOOTH & SON,
81 Johnson Street.

oc5-1m

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 19 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the House, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Miss Fitzsimmons, Gorge Road.

Changed Hands.

*****

HAVING BOUGHT OUT the Stock of the late firm of J. P. Matthews & Co., we beg to announce to our friends and the general public that we are prepared to supply the best

Groceries AND Provisions

At the VERY LOWEST Prices. We have just received

Gilt Edge Hams,
Whole Eastern Codfish,
Breakfast Gem and
California Cream Cheese.

*****

SPEED BROS.,

Corner Fort and Douglas Sts.
Telephone 178.

JUST RECEIVED

First of the Season's Whole Boned Extra selected Newfoundland Cod, at

R. H. JAMESON'S,
33 FORT STREET, RED FRONT.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT.

BICYCLES

At and Below Cost.

The wheels enumerated below are what are left of this years' consignment and we are instructed to close them out immediately

For Cash

They are of the celebrated BRANTFORD make and are too well known to need further mention.

Speak at Once for One

As at the prices quoted they will go at once:

One Brantford pneumatic, ladies' price, $150, for $110.
One Brantford, cushion tire, price, $125, for $90.
One Brantford high wheel, 52 inch, price, $120, for $50.
One Brantford, pneumatic, ladies' price, $165, for $130.
One Brantford, pneumatic, ladies', with mud guards, price, $170, for $135.
One Brantford, pneumatic, ladies', with mud guards, price $170, for $135.
One Brantford, pneumatic, gents, price, $165, for $130.
One Ontario, A, pneumatic, price, $135, for $115.
One Ontario, A, pneumatic, price $135, for $115.
One Ontario, D, pneumatic, price, $115, for $100.

Also on another account

ONE 24 INCH GLOBE,

Price $60.00, for $10.00.

DIARIES FOR 1894 HAVE ARRIVED.

Jamieson

Next Door to Post Office

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

# THE GREAT INTERIOR.

News of the Inland Mines, Farms, Railways and Ranches.

## MINING TO CONTINUE ALL WINTER

**Revelstoke Steel Bridge—Railway Progress at Nakusp—Successful Hunters—Lardeau's Rich Claims—Kamloops Being Rebuilt.**

(Slocan Prospector.)

Both sawmills will begin cutting logs this week.

Neil Gething reports three feet of snow at the Cumberland.

Charcoal Brown is betting his pile on the Granite Mountain, and the assays back him up.

Bad weather has driven most of the prospectors from the hills.

Government Engineer Gillette says the Carpenter Creek road will be such a fine sleigh road that it will beat the railroad as a way for bringing down ore.

A find is reported at the head of the lake, and two parties went out yesterday to make locations.

A telegraph wire from Kaslo and New Denver to Nakusp has been strung the entire distance. The current will be turned on between Revelstoke and Nakusp this week, and on the remainder of the line as soon as it can be repaired.

J. A. Finch and Frank Essler have taken a bond on the Egypt from Sam Brown and have put eight men to work on it. The Egypt adjoins the Mountain Chief. Finch and Esler expect to erect winter quarters for men on the claim and work a force of men all winter. Mr. Finch has also taken a bond on the Aylwin, an extension of the Egypt.

(Inland Sentinel.)

At present there is not a vacant store or residence in the city.

Chickenpox prevailed in the city lately, and in consequence two departments of the public school were closed for a day and a half.

There are ten new buildings being erected at present in the city, and two pretty residences just completed. A number of other buildings for business purposes are projected, and will be commenced as soon as material can be procured.

The record of the season in bird hunting was made on Saturday last by a party composed of Messrs. H. Waller, of Victoria, R. E. Smith and J. J. Carment, of Victoria, who drove to McConnel's lakes, about eight miles from town, and succeeded in bagging 13 fine geese and several ducks in about two hours.

(Golden Era.)

Wells & Pollock anticipate shipping 100 tons of high grade lead and silver ore very shortly now.

Mr. Smith of Winnipeg, who is greatly interested in the Canal Flat copper mines, visited the property last week and was much pleased with the outlook. He left for the east on Monday.

Frank Owen has gone out into McMurdo district to superintend the starting up of some mining work there on a gold claim recently owned by John Henderson, and now, we understand, sold to local parties.

At the Moyea lakes the work done on the claims held by Father Cocola and W. Cronin has shown up a fine vein. The vein is exposed for a considerable distance and (as the mountain is very steep) for a height of some hundreds of feet, with large bodies of mineral. There seems to be several branches and probably parallel veins. It was a great satisfaction to find a trail made to the workings.

There is a rumor founded, we believe, on facts, that the North Star Mining Co. has negotiated a loan of $30,000. This sum will come in very handy, securing the payment of all outstanding accounts and carrying forward sufficient to thoroughly explore that part of the mine which has hitherto been neglected. It is said that there is a claim recently acquired by the company which far exceeds in value the expectations of the most sanguine.

On Monday what might have been a serious accident occurred seven miles west of Donald. A large mass of rock as high as a box car fell on the track, luckily being on the outside rail. Caldwell's special with N. Scott as engineer ran into it, but beyond slightly damaging the locomotive and derailing two cars there was no damage done. Where the accident occurred the road skirts the river at a considerable height, and it was fortunate the rock was on the outside rail, otherwise the train would have gone over the bank into the river.

(Kootenay Star.)

Tom Horne arrived up from the Lardeau last Thursday. He has some rich claims there, notably on the great Horne ledge, but the low price of silver has for the present stopped the deal he had in view with a syndicate of mining men from the other side.

The "Nakusp Ledge" is the latest addition to West Kootenay's newspapers. It is small, but breezy. The publisher is R. T. Lowery.

The Indian encampment on the island opposite the town is now deserted. The weather is getting too chilly for the red men, and on Monday they "struck their tents and silently stole away," going down the river in two or three large canoes.

Grading on the Revelstoke & Arrow Lake Railway is being pushed with all possible speed and tracklaying has been commenced at this end. The road will be completed as far as the Green Slide, thirteen miles below Revelstoke, where steamboats can reach it at all times. The remaining portion has been cleared and grading will be carried on as long as the weather permits, but it is necessary for the winter traffic that the road should be running as far as Green Slide before the snow comes.

Three or four mines on Trout Lake will be worked right along this winter. The Black Prince, of the Secoy group, will put out ore up to the end of the year. The Silver Cup will do likewise on the completion of a short rail to the mine; No. 25 will also employ several men bringing out ore, so that Trout Lake City will not be the least lively place in West Kootenay this winter.

Mr. Cambie, chief engineer, and Mr. Kilpatrick, bridge inspector, C. P. R., assisted by F. Fraser, bridge inspector, were employed Wednesday in taking fresh soundings over the Columbia river connection with the erection of the new steel bridge at Revelstoke. No difference was observed in the bottom since the operations last winter. It is hardly probable that work on the new structure will be commenced this fall.

Two fights in two hotels on Thursday night seemed to show that the old, woolly days of the "wild west" are not completely obliterated. In one instance the appearance of the victim was so changed by having a portion of his ears sampled that even his most intimate friends had to exclaim, "Is that Mr. Riley?" In the other affair two of the contestants were hustled under the billiard table to finish the melee a la cats of Kilkenny.

The Lytton is busy carrying railway iron to Nakusp, a number of men being employed at the wharf, where great quantities of rails—about 40 carloads altogether—are being shipped. When the supplies for the Nakusp & Slocan railroad are all taken down the Lytton will run from Revelstoke to Nakusp, where she will transfer cargoes and passengers with the steamer Columbia, returning again to Revelstoke, while the Columbia will run between Nakusp and Robson, or Northport, till the completion of the N. & E. S. railway.

J. W. Haskins and W. Miller arrived down from Big Bend last Friday. Mr. Haskins brought some rich samples of quartz from the Crown Point claim on Gold Stream, between French and McCulloch creeks. One of the pieces of rock would assay thousands of dollars to the ton, and all showed considerable free gold. Mr. Haskins located the Crown Point in 1885, and three tunnels have been driven on the property. He intends taking the specimens to Vancouver and will endeavor to form a company to work the claim, which, he says, is very valuable. If he succeeds a ten-stamp mill will be erected and the quartz crushed on the spot. If there is much of the same kind of rock Mr. Haskins brought down there can be no doubt of the venture being a successful one.

### Individual Wealth.

Edinburgh Review: Writers usually overlook the manner in which wealth is distributed at the present time. They seem to imagine that there is a broad line of division between capital and labor, and that the rich are on the one side of the line and the poor on the other side of it. There was a period in the world's history, there are probably countries now, when this was and is true.

In former days and possibly in backward states, like Russia in our own time, no mean could or can be found between poverty and wealth. The Old Testament indicates that the trade of the Jews with the east was in the hands of Solomon, and that its profits enriched the king and not the people. Herodotus tells us of a Lydian who had nearly £5,000,000 in gold and silver, while in another passage he mentions a Greek who drew £90,000 a year from a single mine. According to M. Jannet, in the time of the Caesars seven men owned between them the Roman province of Africa; up to a certain period of the middle ages the church held one-third of western Europe, and before the revolution one-seventh of the whole soil of France was held by the princes of the blood.

Individual fortunes of to-day may possibly be larger than those which existed in Rome or Greece, though if the fall in the value of the precious metals which has occurred in the interval be taken into account, even this is doubtful. But while in the old time wealth was concentrated in a few hands, it is now dispersed among many holders. As M. Jannet says:

The colossal fortunes of a Hirsch or a Rothschild are no doubt important, for they occasionally enable these men to exert a decisive influence on the markets of the world. Yet contrasted with the wealth of a nation they are really insignificant. They are like the point of a pyramid, which attracts attention because it is high, though the centre of gravity lies near the foot in the massive blocks which compose its lower courses.

In fact, the great additions which have been made in the wealth of the world during the last thirty years have not been due to the accumulation of great but to the multiplication of small fortunes. M. Jannet says there is no doubt that there are not more than 700 or 800 persons in France in enjoyment of £10,000 a year, and that there are not more than 18,000 or 20,000 with £2,000 a year and upward. Nor is it only true that the great incomes are comparatively few; the striking fact is that the masses of the people are the owners of the property.

From 1809 to 1871 the debt of France was doubled; in the same period its holders were quadrupled. In 1889 it was held by 4,708,000 persons. The holdings of individual shareholders in the great railway companies similarly tend constantly to decrease; one-half of the bonds of the city of Paris are held by holders of a single bond; there are 7,000,000 depositors in French savings banks, with an average of £20 apiece, while, the most striking fact of all, out of 8,302,672 inhabited houses in France, 5,460,355, or 65 per cent., are occupied by their owners.

### Vicinity of Mount Etna.

The very rain is strange; it is charged with obscure personality; it is the habitation of a new presence, a storm genius that I have never known; it is born of Etna, whence all things here have being and draw nourishment. It is not rain, but the rain-cloud, spread over the valleys, the precipices, the sounding beaches, the ocean plain; it is not a storm but a season. It does not ride with the moist Hyades, or ride with cloudy Orion to the Mediterranean night; it does not pass like Atlantic tempests on great world currents; it remains. Its home is upon Etna; thence it comes and thither it returns; it gathers and disperses, lightens and darkens, blows and is silent, and though it suffer the clear north wind or the west to divide its veils with heaven, again it draws the folds together about its abode. It obeys only Etna, who sends it forth, then with clouds and thick darkness the mountain hides its face; it is the Sicilian winter.—Century.

**A Battle for Blood**

Is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling all the foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other troubles caused by impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. 25c. Sent by mail on receipt of price by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

### What is an Archdeacon?

It is said that not two persons out of 20 could tell what are the duties of an archdeacon; nor does the famous definition of an archdeacon as "one who exercises archidiaconal functions" afford much aid. Hence it is that a contributor to the Celtic Monthly furnishes a description of the daily work of Archdeacon Sinclair. Dr. Sinclair has himself described an archdeacon as "a bishop's aide-de-camp having direct oversight of every church and parish in the diocese." Dr. Sinclair's life is, we are assured, one of incessant and exhausting labor, and the ever-varying character of his engagements takes even his Herculean strength. He has been known to travel 200 miles back to London before 11 a. m., read through his heavy correspondence and dictate replies up to noon, attend a deputation to Mr. Gladstone and make a speech thereat at 12:30 p. m.; snatch a hasty dinner at 2 p. m., attend a conference at Westminster Abbey at 3, and a vestry meeting at 3:30, address a Sunday school union in North London at 5, preach at Kensington at 8 p. m., and arrive about 10:30 p. m. at a London Caithness concert, at which he was down to take the chair, returning before midnight to his home with a sermon to write before indulging in much-needed sleep. And this sort of thing goes on day after day, supplemented by two services daily at St. Paul's cathedral during his month of residence.

### A Gander Pulling.

"Did you ever see a gander pulling?" asked George Horner. "Well, if you didn't," he went on, "you ought to hustle right down into eastern Kentucky and see the show of your life. I went down there on business a few years ago, and after I had secured all the passengers from the township I went out to a sort of harvest home a few miles in the country. The principal event of the occasion was a gander pulling, which, as I subsequently learned, was the most looked-for attraction of the whole country side.

"About two o'clock the country swains rode up by the dozen, each mounted on a rough nag, as bony and coarse as its rider. A strong hickory sapling was bent over about three feet from the top and tied with a rope, making a sort of shepherd's crook. At the end of this crook, which was as springy as a piece of thin steel, a tough, veteran gander was tied by the legs. The riders formed a line a hundred yards back, and at a signal started, full speed, each rider ten feet apart, for the gander. The riders rushed by the crook, yelling, shouting and screaming. As each man reached the suspended bird he grabbed for it. Sometimes a handful of feathers was secured, but more usually only a squawk was the response. For an hour the riders kept up their wild sport, the old gander still hanging on to life and making noise enough for a flock of birds.

By three o'clock the riders were half full of Kentucky mountain whiskey. Talk about your riders of the far west! They were never in it with these gander pullers of the southern. Such yelling I never heard, such cursing, laughing and shouting was never surpassed. Suddenly wild applause burst forth. I looked and saw a tall young fellow, a handsome man for that region, borne on the shoulders of the crowd.

"'He's got it!' was the cry. 'He's the best man!'

"And so he did have it—the head of that tough, tormented old gander. Talk about enthusiasm! It was wonderful, and the drunk that followed still more wonderful. If you want to see genuine, brutal, savage sport among white people, see the gander pulling in the Kentucky mountains. It will prepare you for the sun dances of the Apaches and the Navajoes."—St. Louis Republic.

All Sorts

and conditions of men smoke the famous Cigars EL PADRE and LA CADENA.

S. Davis & Sons.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) ..... £500,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE ..... £270,000, $1,312,000

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B. C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner, Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO., Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

| No. 1 Passenger Daily. | STATIONS. | No. 3 Passenger Saturdays. | Miles from Wellington. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ar. 12.25 p | VICTORIA | Ar. 6.30 p | |
| 12.20 | RUSKILLA | 6.20 | |
| 12.10 | ESQUIMALT | 6.10 | |
| 11.54 | GOLDSTREAM | 5.54 | |
| 11.46 | SHAWNIGAN LAKE | 5.46 | |
| 11.30 | COBBLE HILL | 5.30 | |
| 10.40 | MCPHERSON'S | 4.40 | |
| 10.27 | KOKSILAH | 4.27 | |
| 10.15 | DUNCANS | 4.15 | |
| 10.02 | SOMENOS | 4.02 | |
| 9.55 | CHEMAINUS | 3.55 | |
| 9.34 | OYSTER BAY | 3.34 | |
| 9.10 | NANAIMO | 3.10 | |
| 8.50 | WELLINGTON | 2.50 | |
| Ar. | | Lv. | |

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

| No. 2 Passenger Daily. | STATIONS. | No. 4 Passenger Saturdays. | Miles from Victoria. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. 8.00 a | WELLINGTON | Lv. 1.00 p | |
| 8.24 | NANAIMO | 1.24 | |
| 8.44 | OYSTER BAY | 1.44 | |
| 8.51 | CHEMAINUS | 1.51 | |
| 9.06 | SOMENOS | 2.06 | |
| 9.19 | DUNCANS | 2.19 | |
| 9.31 | KOKSILAH | 2.31 | |
| 9.44 | MCPHERSON'S | 2.44 | |
| 9.57 | COBBLE HILL | 2.57 | |
| 10.11 | SHAWNIGAN LAKE | 3.11 | |
| 10.28 | GOLDSTREAM | 3.28 | |
| 10.36 | ESQUIMALT | 3.36 | |
| 10.46 | RUSKILLA | 3.46 | |
| 10.55 | VICTORIA | 3.55 | |
| Ar. 5.00 p | | Lv. 6.00 a | |

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,

Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2:30 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Queen - - - Oct. 16

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

VICTORIA —TO— CHICAGO —IN— 83 HOURS

... Fare for the ...

ROUND TRIP $50.05

G. L. COURTNEY, General Agent.

— THE —

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of most modern equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

— ELEGANT DAY COACHES —

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, Asia and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

| SPEED 18 knots | Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." | | | | TONNAGE 1117 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 00 am | Lv | M1 | ... "Tacoma... | 110 | Ar 5 15 am |
| 10 15 am | Lv | 28 | ...Seattle... | 22 | Lv 3 00 am |
| 1 30 pm | Lv | 72 | Pt. Townsend | 38 | Lv 11 45 pm |
| 4 30 pm | Ar | 110 | ...Victoria... | M1 | Lv 8 30 pm |

Port Townsend Mail Route

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Lv | M1 | | | Δ | |
| 11 00 pm | Lv | 28 | ..."Seattle.... | 68 | Ar | 9 pm |
| 12 30 am | Lv | 39 | ..Port Madison | 47 | Lv | 2 10 pm |
| | Lv | 45 | .. Kingston.... | 41 | Lv | |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 59 | ..Port Gamble. | 21 | Lv | 11 00 am |
| 4 00 am | Lv | 73 | ..Port Ludlow | 13 | Lv | 10 00 am |
| 6 00 am | Ar | 86 | Pt. Townsend | M1 | Lv | 8 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
‡ Daily except Monday.
| Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent. 121 Pine Washington, Portland, Or.

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— AND —

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Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

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Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave, Tacoma, Wash.

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STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Comox for Valdez Island every Alternate Thursday at ..... 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 42½ Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, 406 Folsom street,

For Honolulu, Auckland, and Sydney, without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Monowai.....Thursday, 16th Nov., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the Australian mail.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, October 28, 1893, 2 p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS CO, General Agents.

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8:30 p. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars and free Colonist sleeping cars alternate each day.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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Boys' and Men's **Winter Suits and Overcoats**

Splendid Assortment to Select from.

Eastern Tailor Made Suits and Overcoats to Measure.
Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
New Fall Samples Just to Hand. . . . . .

**B. WILLIAMS & CO.,**
Clothiers, Hatters and General Outfitters,
97 Johnson Street,
VICTORIA, B.C.

# NONSENSICAL AND CHILDISH

## Mayor Beaven Thus Characterizes a Resolution of Ald. Baker.

## A LIVELY TIME AT THE CITY COUNCIL

**Regarding Alleged Suppressions of Important Communications—The Leper Colony—The City Water Supply—The Hack By-Law Again Shelved.**

Last night's session at the city council was a lively one. There was a full attendance of aldermen.

The report of the committee to which was referred the letter of Robert Mason re the terminus of the Victoria & Sidney railway was presented to the council. The report stated that a conference had been held and that the railway management had given their assurance that the terminus of the railway would be well within the limits of the city and brought as near the business portion as the terminus approved of in July last. The company would be able to submit plans in a week and the committee asked further time. Granted.

The cemetery committee reported against allowing the claim of George Kersop for $10 for damages to fencing on his lot at the cemetery.

Ald. Robertson thought that the city should pay all damages.

Ald. Baker asked the date of the letter.

Ald. Harris spoke against accepting responsibility.

Ald. Baker here again rose to speak. Mayor Beaven called him to order. Ald. Baker wanted the mayor to treat him as he did any other alderman. The mayor replied that he did so. Ald. Baker denied the statement. Mayor Beaven said that he would have to take other steps to enforce order if the ruling of the chair was not obeyed.

Report adopted.

President Higgins, of the tramway company, has been ordered to remove the poles on the Oak Bay tramway line within 15 days. The report of the street committee stated this.

Ald. Munn wanted to know why more attention was not paid by the street committee to the south ward. He referred especially to Menzies street walk.

Report adopted.

City Engineer Wilmot presented a report estimating the survey of the watershed area of Elk lake at $476.

The question was asked regarding the former plan. Was it taken away by Mr. Summerfield, the former water commissioner?

Mayor Beaven said he had no reason to believe that gentleman had taken away anything.

Ald. Baker said that there were enough engineers and surveyors paid by the city and why an appropriation of over $460? It was a shame. It was fleecing the ratepayers. Ald. Robertson said that the report was what might be expected. There were many obstacles but the people of Victoria knew that there was sufficient water in Elk lake for years to come.

The report was received and filed, Ald. Baker, Robertson and Bragg voting in the negative.

The electric lighting committee reported recommending the taking down of the telephone wires leading to the isolation hospital. Adopted.

The old men's home committee reported that applicants Fisch and Wilson were disqualified on account of not being residents of the country long enough. The by-law requires a 15 year residence in the city and 20 years in the province.

Ald. Munn said that Wilson had been 20 years a resident of British Columbia, but only one year in the city. Fisch had lived 11 years in the city.

Ald. McKillican said that in the case of the man McLean who had been removed from the home that he was supported by poor people. The city was morally obliged to support the man. Report adopted.

The city clerk of Vancouver wrote re the application of Mrs. Hansell of Vancouver, who desires to take charge of the lepers on Darcey island. Asked whether the council would co-operate with Vancouver in the erection of suitable quarters for this lady on the island.

Ald. Henderson said that it was a very generous offer of Mrs. Hansell, but he did not think the lady should be allowed to so sacrifice herself. She could not materially help the lepers. He moved that the council do not approve of the proposed scheme.

Ald. Baker agreed with Ald. Henderson.

Ald. Styles characterized such action as inhuman. Why should the poor lepers be left to themselves. He thought that the lady should be commended in her noble offer and the city should put no obstacle in her way. How would it have been if the smallpox patients had been allowed to die unheeded and uncared for?

Ald. Bragg—No medicine could do lepers any good. The disease was one of gradual decay. It was only a question of time till death occurred. He had been to Darcey island several times, and he did not think it wise to let Mrs. Hansell sacrifice herself.

Ald. Belyea thought that Mrs. Hansell could find a better field for her charitable undertaking elsewhere. The council should refuse to permit the lady to go there.

Resolution prevailed.

Ald. Robertson espied a policeman in the body of the hall, and asked by whose authority he was there.

The mayor gave no answer.

Ald. Robertson asked did the mayor hear him.

The mayor replied that he did, but did not answer the question.

The school trustees were given permission to connect the South Ward school buildings by way of McClure and Cathcarte streets with the city drains.

Chief Deasy of the fire department asked $300 for necessary repairs to fire appliances and fire reels. Referred to fire wardens.

Ald. Robertson moved that the North Ward be represented on the folowing standing committees: Streets and bridges, sewerage and drainage, parks and pound.

Ald. Bragg argued that it was nothing but right that a member of the North Ward should be represented on the sewerage and street committees at any rate.

Ald. Robertson told the council that the North Ward was half the population of the city. The North Ward should have fair play and he would like to see the name of Ald. Baker on the committee.

Ald. Baker told the chair that he did not want to be put on the committee, but he would like to see justice done to the North Ward, and justice could alone be done by the appointment of North Ward members. He asked was this a matter of personal feeling against him by the mayor? If the mayor did not think that he was a fit member for those committees, then another member should be appointed.

Mayor Beaven said in appointing committees he did not look after wards. He looked to the general interests of the city.

Ald. Belyea said that he would vote for the resolution if a member from each ward was put on all committees. He, however, reminded the council that there were thirteen committees and only nine aldermen.

Ald. Henderson thought that the North Ward should have representation.

Ald. McKillican was of opinion that the fewer the number of aldermen on committees the better.

The resolution carried, Ald. Robertson, Munn, Henderson, Baker, Bragg and Styles voting in the affirmative, Ald. Harris, Belyea and McKillican in the negative.

Ald. Baker moved: That in view of the fact that a great number of people claim to have sent communications addressed to the mayor and aldermen of the city of Victoria during the current year, which communications, it is believed, have been received by the mayor and have never been allowed to see the light of day; that the clerk be instructed to lay before the board at its next meeting all such correspondence and documents of public importance, and recommend prompt action upon the same by the board.

Mayor Beaven said that this was rather a unique resolution. It was not only contrary to fact, but untruthful. It was produced by an alderman who should be rather careful about criticising other people's actions. It ought to go into the waste paper basket.

Ald. Baker replied that he did not know that it was untrue. He had got as clean hands as had the mayor. He had a letter addressed to him by W. Steinberg saying that letters were addressed to the council by him and never read. He said that if the city clerk's office had a good overhauling they wou'd find other letters sent into the council. One Kersop had sent in a letter. R. T. Williams and Mr. Clearihue had written the council and those letters had never been read to the council. It was not the duty of the mayor to decide.

Mayor Beaven replied that he did not take instructions from Ald. Baker. Ald. Baker would not have got himself into such trouble for selling bricks to a contractor if he had known his duty as an alderman.

Ald. Baker said that he had in his hand a copy of a letter sent to the council and he believed that——

Mayor Beaven said that it mattered little what Ald. Baker believed.

Ald. Baker was sitting down when he said that if the truth were known Mayor Beaven had an indirect interest in the matter.

Ald. Belyea asked if he said that the mayor had an indirect interest. He wanted the words repeated or retracted.

Mayor Beaven—I challenge him to prove it or withdraw it.

Ald. Baker said that he had reason to think that the mayor had an indirect interest in the matter. Every member of the board had an indirect interest.

Ald. Robertson was not ashamed of seconding the resolution. Where was the Steinberg communication complaining of the putrefaction of Elk Lake? Every alderman had a right to know what letters were sent in to the council. The mayor should not deal with them. It was no use denying the letters. They had them. He would like to see every alderman have the manliness to stick up for his rights.

Ald. Bragg said he was sorry to see the ill-feeling existing between the members of the board. He charged that the mayor had no sociability.

The mayor laughed.

Ald. Bragg said that it was true nevertheless. He knew that there were many letters that should have been read at this board which were not.

Mayor Beaven said that he had endeavored to meet the council courteously. What personal object had he in the suppression of the Steinberg letter? This letter went to the water commissioner and in due course would be reported upon. It dealt with a claim.

Ald. Munn suggested that the resolution be withdrawn now that the matter had been threshed out. Ratepayers had asked him concerning certain letters. He was questioned whether the mayor was the council or what were the aldermen doing?

Mayor Beaven replied that the letters could always be seen at the city clerk's office.

Ald. Munn argued that a list of letters should be supplied.

Ald. Baker said that it was only the first portion of the resolution that might annoy the mayor.

Mayor Beaven replied that he was not annoyed. Ald. Baker could not annoy him. The speaker had never accused an opponent of suppressing information unless he could prove it.

Ald. Belyea said the Steinberg incident had been drummed up for all there was in it. There were many letters that came to the council that should never be read. If it were proved that important letters were suppressed and a properly couched resolution were framed he would vote for it, but not for the present resolution.

Ald. Styles would like to see all important letters read to the board. If a letter were not read to the council it should be handed round to the aldermen.

Mayor Beaven said it was a nonsensical resolution. It was childlike and very bad grammar. Was it any wonder that the ratepayers were growing tired of this kind of thing? Important matters were left over to take up these finical matters.

Aldermen Baker, Bragg and Robertson voted for the resolution and the remainder of the council against it. Resolution lost.

Ald. Robertson called for names.

Mayor Beaven replied that the names ought to be handed down to posterity.

The by-law to regulate house connections with sewers was put through its final stages.

There was little discussion in committee on the hack by-law. Ald. Munn proposed that the hacks on Government street stand 40 feet apart and that not more than three hacks stand on any street and the street intersecting it at right angles. The committee then thought that the matter would take too long, and the committee rose and reported progress and the council adjourned.

### Shoes Shined by Electricity.

On the plate glass window of a modest-looking shop, about a block up from the bridge entrance, in Washington street, Brooklyn, is enamelled the sign, "Electric shine, 5 cents."

"Now step up and have your shoes shined by electricity, electrocuted, as it were," shouted a vigorous-looking young man who stood beside a curious box-like arrangement. The box was four feet or so high and the same number of feet wide, and afoot in width across the top. Two large oval holes were in the middle of the front of the box, and there were two others, somewhat smaller, directly under them. Iron levers were attached to the side of the structure. On the wall above the box were iron boxes supplied with cranks, on which was the advice "Pull knob this way."

No one seemed to have a desire to try the new-fangled machine. Finally a large red-faced man with side whiskers pushed his way through the crowd and sat in the arm chair placed before the apertures. "Stick your boots in the large holes," advised the man in charge. With some difficulty this was done. Then the man in charge "pulled the knob," and from behind a screen which reached from the box to the rear of the store same a buzzing sound. The man pulled his feet out. Evidently there was something strange in the box.

"That's all right; nothing'll hurt you," exclaimed the man in charge. "Put 'em back." Soon the man took his feet out and put them in the smaller holes. When he next took them out the shoes were highly polished, and he paid his nickel and departed, amid the cheers of the crowd.

"Took just a minute and a half. Any one else?" said the operator. A Sun reporter tried to push his shoes into the large holes. Something pushed them back. The reporter's feet were not heavy enough to withstand the shock which they received. "Put 'em in the hole again and grasp that handle," said the operator, "and I'll regulate the speed a bit." The reporter braced himself and felt something swishing around his shoes.

This something was an oval brush. Inside of it is a revolving wheel. The brush first cleans the shoes. Then from a tin box within the structure liquid blacking drops down upon the shoes. The brush again comes into service and polishes the shoes. Only the sides of the shoes are polished, however. Sticking the shoes into the lower and smaller holes the toes and heels are polished.

Before the reporter left the store the machine was doing a rushing business. —New York Sun.

### Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph

Of course you have heard of MASTIFF PLUG CUT, but have you tried it yourself? It is making new friends every day, indeed it disappoints nobody. It is always even better than people expect.

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**SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL**

Splendid Summer Resort.

Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KOENIG, Proprietor.
1u30-4m

### Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa, B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

**COAL**

**The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.**

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

**THE NANAIMO COAL** (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

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VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

## TIBBIE AND THE PANTHER.

**A Game Scotch Collie Runs a Panther Up a Tree.**

South Cowichan, Oct. 17.—A number of Indian dogs attacked a flock of sheep belonging to James Nightingale on the night of the 12th or the morning of the 13th, killing five and more or less worrying others. Idle dogs are very troublesome to sheep farmers.

George Cook, a farmer here, has bought the Cowichan hotel at McPherson Station, and is going to have a store, etc., and reside there very soon.

Thomas Colvin and D. Stewart were returning home from business about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon when Mr. Stewart's collie bitch, Tibbie, got on the scent of a panther. In a few minutes there was a panther hunt, without a gun or rifle. After running over logs, brush, etc., for a short time the panther climbed a long dead tree. Mr. Stewart and Tibbie kept the panther up the tree until Mr. Colvin went for William Stubbs and his 54-calibre rifle. The first ball made the panther jump around the tree and twist his tail in over so many different ways and the second ball brought him down. It was a male measuring seven feet. Being about dark the hunters made their way home, to return next morning for the head and skin. Tibbie was imported from the north of Scotland 18 months ago and is a collie of the first water.

## ENDURED GREAT PRIVATIONS.

**How James Wilson Was Drowned—Adventures of a Young Rogue.**

Nanaimo, Oct. 17.—Adam Jeffrey, reported drowned with Jim Wilson, is said to be on Lasquitti island. His brother says: "On Tuesday, 3rd inst., my brother and Jim Wilson left here in a sail boat for Texada; they had not been out long before they encountered a storm, and shortly after their rudder was carried away. A sea swamped the boat, the two men being washed some distance from it, but luckily they were swimmers, and succeeded in regaining the boat. They clung for several hours to the keel, with the hope of being washed ashore. Wilson was the first to suffer from exhaustion, and after holding on for three hours his grip relaxed and he sank before the eyes of his horrified companion, who was powerless to help him. It was probably two hours after Wilson sank when my brother felt bottom, the boat having drifted to Jedediah island. After crawling a little distance he lost consciousness, which he did not regain until the next day, when the tide returning woke him up. His hands are even now horribly swollen, and it will be long before he is able to use them. He managed to make Stubbins' cabin, and finding provisions there, made free use of them. After patching up an old canoe he made his way home.

James Ferguson, alias James F. Anderson, was brought to the city from Alberni yesterday, giving Constable Belyea considerable trouble. It appears the youth arrived from Victoria about three weeks ago and stayed at the Wellington hotel two days, then left for Alberni, neglecting to pay his board. On the road he met John Craig, and stayed with him at his ranch for several days, and again started for Alberni. He called in at Reece Evans' place and told him Mr. Craig had sent him to borrow eight dollars. He got the money and went on his way rejoicing. He was having a good time at Alberni when Constable Belyea arrived. The boy bolted into the bush at once, and after being chased a few days surrendered. He was committed for trial.

Several Indians laid complaints yesterday against a number of white men who have been wantonly destroying property on the reserve. Chief O'Connell will investigate.

## INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

(Nakusp Ledge.)

Ben Edington is cooking on the steamer Columbia. Ben had a quarter of a million over in Colorado but it got away from him.

It is reported that cattle are sometimes kept in the stock yards for seven or eight days without food. This is hard on the dumb brutes and should be rectified.

At Revelstoke there are 62 cars of freight for the N. & S. railway. In addition to that there are 20 cars of general merchandise for different parts of the lake country.

The Kootenay came down river yesterday with 60 tons of steel rails. It is reported that the water is too low for the steamer and that the smaller steamers will take her place.

Genelle's sawmill, under the able management of Mr. Reid, continues to run almost night and day in order to keep up with the demand for bridge lumber. This institution employs 35 men at the mill and in the woods and is quite an important industry.

It is reported that when the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway is finished, Corbin will put on a Pullman, and travellers can get in their berths in Spokane and wake up in Nelson in time for breakfast. How nice that will be for the tired prospector. Much better than riding in on a mule and packing your own blankets. Things grow smoother from year to year in this rugged clime.

Work on the railway is being pushed forward with all possible dispatch. The bridges are being put on as fast as the timber can be sent out. The track is laid about four miles out of town. Everything is being well done and although the grade is as much as 1400 feet in fourteen miles, it will, when finished, compare favorably with any mountain road on the continent.

## A LOVER'S REVENGE.

**A Gardener Murders His Master and Mistress Then Commits Suicide.**

Berlin, Oct. 17.—Count and Countess Blucher were shot from ambush by their gardener to-day on the grounds of their home at Griefswald, Pomerania. The shooting grew out of the discharge of one of the maids employed in the Blucher household, of whom the gardener was enamored. The gardener after firing the fatal shots committed suicide. The Count is dead, and it is reported that the Countess died from the effects of the wound.

**Babylonian Records.**

Signatures of the ancient Babylonian kings, preserved to wondering nineteenth century civilization, in tablets and bricks and unglazed pottery, form part of a unique exhibit by the University of Pennsylvania in the liberal arts section of the manufacturers' building. These old Babylonian cuneiform texts are a part of the harvest gathered by the Rev. John Peters in 1888. The fragments shown have been very carefully selected from the many thousands of objects in the possession of the university, and are considered the best and most representative articles unearthed by the expedition. Possibly the most remarkable of these curious objects is a door socket in diorite, ascribed to the period of Sargon I., 3800 B.C. On the side is a cuneiform inscription, written in the oldest Semitic dialect of Babylonia, and the characters are archaic and beautiful. The message which it conveys from the ancients to us moderns is ominous in its portent. It reads as follows: Shargani-Shar-Di, son of Itti Bel, the mighty King of Agad and of the dominion of Bel, builder of Ekur, temple of Bel in Nippur. Whosoever removes this inscribed stone, his foundations may the Gods Bel and Shamash and Ninna tear up, and exterminate his seed.—Am. Antiquarian.

**Quick Step, Lively Music.**

Last year the two-step, danced to the time of a polka or march, was the novelty which was danced almost entirely to the exclusion of the old-fashioned polka. The "two-step" came from the east, says the Philadelphia Times. The fashionable set have the power to make or mar a new dance, and its satellites are watched closely by the dancing professors who try to introduce a dance to meet the tastes of these people. For five long years fashionable people would not take up a new dance.

The professors were in despair. Then came the "two-step," and all looked at it askance. Then at a ball the "two-step" was danced, and from that time on it grew in favor, until it became the rage and the most popular whirl of the season. It is not danced out yet. Unlike the songs "After the Ball" and "Ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ay," it could not continue all summer and make the general public utterly sick of it. It had a rest and will be sure to revive when the dancing season begins. Generally speaking, the present tendency in dancing is toward quicker steps and livelier music. The young people do not now, as they did in old times, dance for the sake of courting; they dance for the pleasure of dancing, the intoxication, the exhilaration and the exercise. They do not want to feel serious, but jolly, and Lottie Collins in "Ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ay" pleases much better than would the stateliest minuet ever trod by the haughtiest grande dame that ever lived. The waltz will continue to hold its own this year, as it has in the past. Indeed, the professors in dancing say that they are only sure of two dances, the waltz and the Yorke. The most popular Yorke that was ever danced was the "Wentworth," and it continues a great favorite. One dance that has nearly gone out of fashion in the east is the quadrille. It has been voted too slow and its many versions too intricate to remember, though the Lancers is still often danced at the summer hotels. It is the most social of all dances and the most likely to promote good feeling and fellowship.

**The Corset in Ancient Times.**

The ladies' corset, against which a crusade has for some years been going on, is by no means of modern date. A writer in Woman says: A slender figure was admired even in the days of the Greeks and Romans. Several means were then tried to restrain an expanding figure and to enhance the beauties of a slight one. Bandages were worn, and when they failed those who valued the beauty of their figures enveloped the upper parts of their body with garlands of ivy, which were thrown on the fire as soon as withdrawn, and then the upper part of the figure was rubbed over with goose fat mixed with warm milk, or with the egg of a partridge.

As Europe emerged from barbarism into a state of semi-civilization, the women began to compress their waists with a very tight bodice of linen next the skin. Neither whalebone, wood, nor steel was, however, employed at that time. With the advent of Catherine de Medici, a new era dawned. She introduced the real whalebone bodice with a strong busk in front, and her example was soon imitated by all Europe. Waist compression increased in spite of the protests of kings and emperors and the chief ministers and nobles of the land. Never since armor had been invented had any stiffer framework for the human body been devised. The deep-pointed bodice was as stiff and hard as combined wire whalebone and steel would make it; and to add to the discomforts which fashion dictated, the neck was likewise supported by a ruff not only formed upon an elaborate background of metal and thick wires, but stiffened by the newly-discovered "devil's liquor"—starch. Thus, a machine, which had begun innocently enough as a tight-fitting linen bodice, was gradually developed by the addition of busks of wood, ivory and whalebone, and of sheets and strips of steel, until a veritable, armor-like encasing resulted. These stiff whaleboned corsets were prominent features of the Restoration fashions and of the Watteau period; but the revolution at the end of the eighteenth century, which shook not only France, but all Europe, had an equally subversive effect upon the corset, and they disappeared completely, and the corsetas, as Catherine de Medici introduced it, has never reappeared. Towards the end of the reign of the first Napoleon, several of the leaders of the Parisian fashion tried to revive the Medici corsets, but they never succeeded in conquering the strong opposition. Women, however, began to wear stiff bodices again, and just as the waist was gradually regaining its natural position, compression once more became the order of the day, and the corset with which we are now familiar was invented.

**Painting the Duke of York's Wedding**

Herr Tuxen, who has been commissioned by the Queen to paint a large picture of the Duke of York's wedding, has been staying at Fredensborg Castle, and several sittings have been given to him by the King and Queen of Denmark, the Czarewitch, the Princess of Wales and her daughters. Herr Tuxen will come to Windsor about the end of November, in order that the Queen may give him sittings, and he is to stay for some time in London to take portraits of other personages who are to appear in the picture. The Queen has an immense collection of works of this class, of which, however, only two are really of any historical interest, Wilkie's First Council," which hangs in the corridor of Windsor Castle, and Frith's "Marriage of the Prince of Wales," in the promenade of the gallery of Buckingham Palace.—London World.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

**Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.**

**BILLIARDS.**

ROBERTS AND DE ORO.

New York, Oct. 17.—Considerable interest is felt in the international pool match between Alfred de Oro, the American pool champion, and John Roberts, the English champion, which opens to-night in the Lenox Lyceum, for $1000 a side and the gate receipts. The match will be 1200 points up, in blocks of 200 points a night. An American table has been set up alongside of Roberts' English table, and 600 points will be played on one and 600 on the other, the match being half at English and half at American continuous pool.

**THE RING.**

PROMISES MUCH BLOOD.

Fargo, N. D., Oct. 17.—Unless the authorities interfere, "Shadow" Maher, the Australian, who recently put the "Marine" to sleep in three rounds, and Tom Beaver, the champion welter-weight of Wisconsin, will face each other for a finish fight before the Fargo Athletic club to-night. The fight promises to be a very bloody one, as Beaver is a savage and determined brute.

LOCAL PUGS.

Ed Morrissey and Jack Barnard are to spar at the Pastime club on Monday night. They are both clever lightweights and will make a very pretty exhibition. The affair is for a trophy and a side bet.

**An Amphibious Boat.**

A new Canadian invention for use in the lumber districts is coming into general use in northern Ontario. It is called a steam warping tug. It propels itself on land as well as on water, and is used by lumbermen whose operations are carried on among small lakes connected by streams of uncertain navigation. The vessel has proved not only a success, but a great boon to the lumber trade, six of these unique crafts having been built by the inventors during the past season, four completed at their yard and two shipped ready to be put together at their destination in the Nipissing district. They are built in scow shape, with steel-shod runners for moving overland, are 37 feet long, 10 feet beam, decked all over, and have sleeping room for four men in the bow; the bottom and up the bow is covered with steel boiler plate. An engine of 22 horse power furnishes steam for 10 hours' work, with three-quarters of a cord of dry wood. In the water it moves six miles an hour forward or backward, as required, propelled by side wheels. On land it is propelled by having a cable drum, on which is coiled five-eighths of a mile of steel wire cable, which is fastened with pulleys to a tree or some object in front, the boat moving as the wire is coiled up. The boiler is hung on an axle in the centre, and a screw arranged on the front enables the fireman to tip it forward or back and keep it level going up or down hill. It will move over an elevation of one foot in three on land and draws about 28 inches in the water.


**"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."**

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. 11s&w


**DIED.**

MANDART—At St. Joseph's Hospital on the 16th inst., the Rev. Father Joseph Marie Mandart, a native of Vannes, Brittanny, France, aged 74 years.

The remains will be removed from the Bishop's residence to St. Andrew's Cathedral to-morrow (Wednesday) at 9.30 a.m., at which time the funeral service will be held, and where the body will remain until after the celebration of the mass on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock, and then taken to the Roman Catholic cemetery at Saanich.

BAKER—In this city, Oct. 16, William Baker, a native of London, Ont., aged 45.

The funeral will take place to-morrow, (Wednesday,) at 2:30 p.m., from the residence of James Baker, 65 Pembroke street. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

(Colonist copy.)


# A Beautiful Home,

DOUBLE CORNER,
FINE LAWN,
FRUIT TREES,
Stable and all Conveniences.

Thoroughly well built house. The BEST BARGAIN in the City.

**$3,150.** TERMS REASONABLE.

Close to Fort Street Tram.
Apply

**J. E. CRANE,**
30 Broad Street.

# How are Your Teeth?

Bad Teeth mean bad health. To enjoy life one's Teeth must be kept in a healthy condition. If food cannot be properly masticated what follows? Stomach troubles, indigestion, dyspepsia, incessant misery. Teeth properly treated by a skilled Dentist should last a life-time, and this treatment should be secured without a day's delay. Therefore

**SEE DR. FINDLEY,**

PRICES in these hard times are a most important consideration. DR. FINDLEY proposes to do FIRST-CLASS DENTAL WORK AT REASONABLE RATES. No charge for consultation and advice. Call and get an estimate of cost of your work FREE. No excuse now for neglecting those decaying molars. It doesn't take a fortune now to get your teeth fixed. Crown and Bridge Work a specialty.
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ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

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WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
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CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.
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GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
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GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.

WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
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BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
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Funeral Designs and Cut Flowers on reasonable terms.

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FROM

# John McCallum,

**The Fashionable Tailor,**
**42 Broad Street.**

Dollars are scarce! But I gather them in and mean to keep busy.

Business is not so brisk as it ought to be at this season, but I have felt very little of the depression so far.

The last portion of my Fall and Winter Goods has only just arrived. Cause unknown. Uuless it is depression in the European manufacturing centres, Atlantic storms, &c., &c.

But to make a clean and clever sweep of the whole of my stock, for the remainder of the season I will give you such bargains as will make any efforts of competitors look puny.

My stock, as it stands now, is more attractive (in quality, quantity and designs) than anything shown by any merchant tailor in B.C., and when I quote such figures as the following you can rest assured that bedrock prices have been reached.

**An honest All-Wool Tweed Suit for TWENTY DOLLARS up.**
**The famous Cheviot Tweed Suitings from $25 up.**
**The famous Bannockburn Suitings from $25 up.**
**English Trouserings from $6.50 up.**

English, Venetian and Beaver Overcoatings in all the new shades and grades (away down in price).

Black and blue black Worsteds in Diagonals, Venetians, Single and Double Corkscrews, Tricots, &c. &c.

Serges from the most celebrated makers in the world (all stamped and branded) in navy blue and black. Suits made from these from $29 up.

I must have PROMPT CASH at those prices. No time to lose going wind collecting.

JOHN McCALLLUM,
The Fashionable Tailor, 42 Broad St.

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(Brussels Lace Designs.)

Also a Large Variety of Other Choice Styles.

Our First Consignment of Comforters, Down Quilts and Blankets have arrived.

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